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Bigger, Faster, Better

What's News with the LBA

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LBA Today

- Parkes, ATCA, Mopra, Hobart, Ceduna
 - Some Tidbinbilla time plus other international telescopes
- 1-22 GHz
 - 7 & 3 mm possible Mopra-ATCA
- Standard recording at 256 Mbps
 - 32 MHz dual pol bandwidth
- Recording up to 1 Gbps
 - 128 MHz dual pol
 - Half for Hobart, Ceduna, Tidbinbilla

LBA Today, cont

- All recorded experiments disk based
 - Network transfer of data
- eVLBI up to 1 Gbps ATCA, Parkes, Mopra
 - Hobart up to 128 Mbps
- Correlated using DiFX
 - Disk correlation at Curtin
 - High spectral resolution and short integration times

LBA Tomorrow

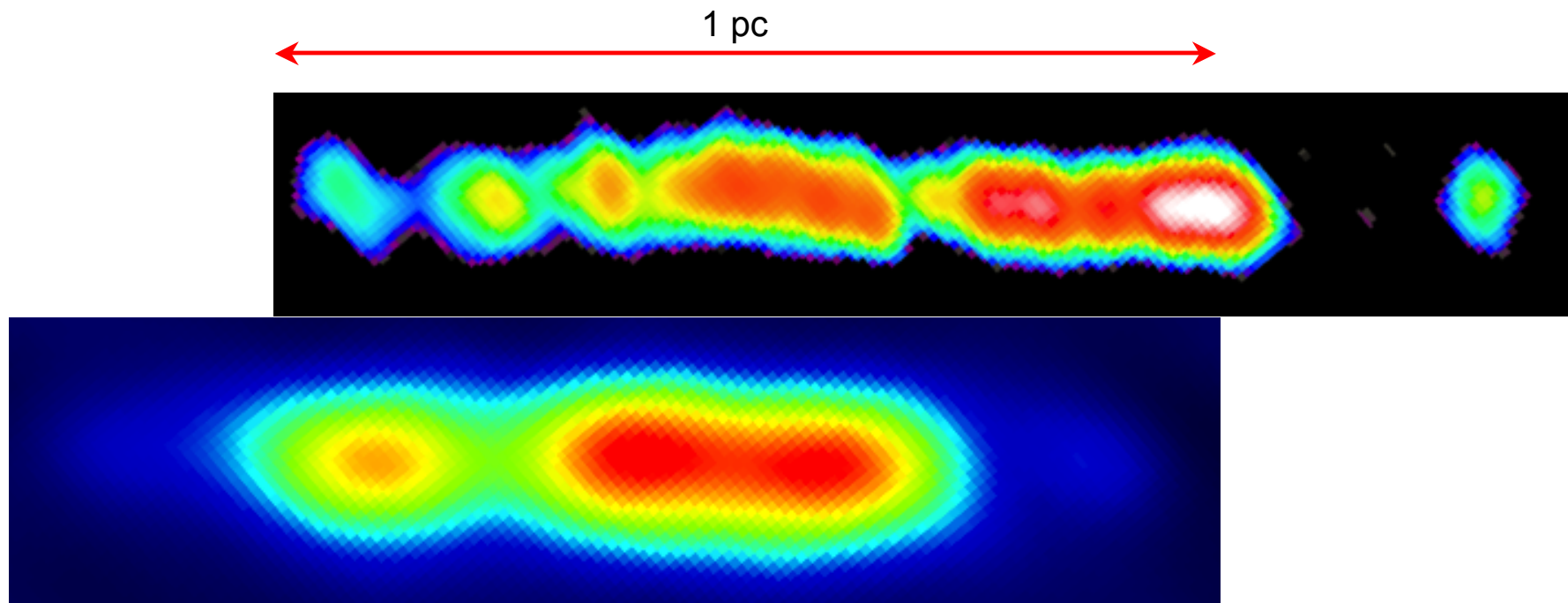
- Wider bandwidth
 - More sensitivity
- Better eVLBI
- More antennas
 - Better uv coverage, higher resolution
- Better calibrators

More Bandwidth

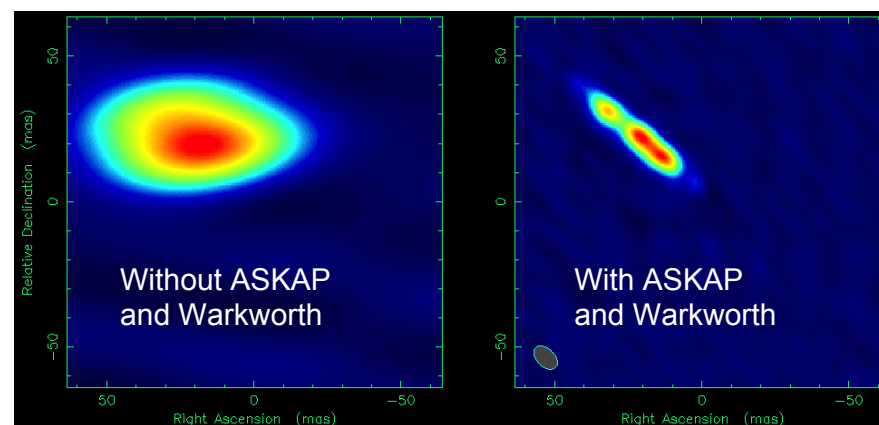
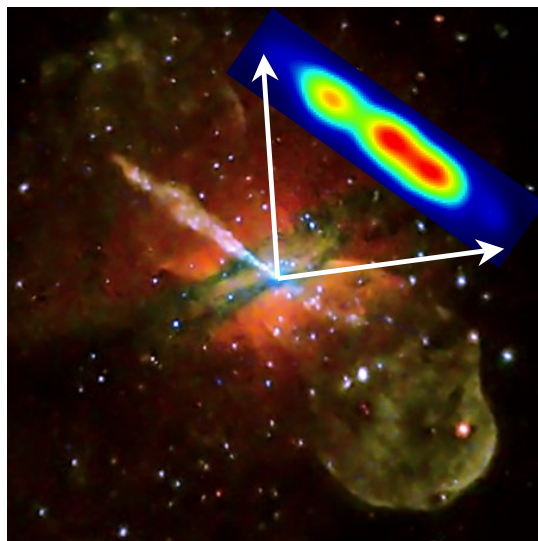
- Reusing existing hardware we can achieve bandwidths up to 1 GHz
 - CABB, DFB3, ASKAP, 3rd party
 - 11 uJy image sensitivity @ 8 GHz
 - 70% onsource on 12hrs
 - Multibit an option
- 10 Gbps link between Parkes and ATCA
 - 16 Gbps eVLBI
 - 0.14 mJy detection sensitivity in 1 minute
 - 4x better than current limits
- 1 Gbps link to Tidbinbilla

New Antennas

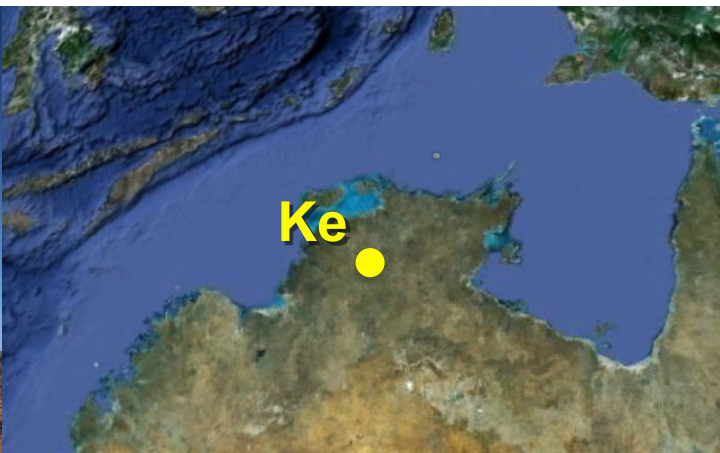
- NZ AUT 12m recently commissioned
 - 1.4, 2.3 & 8.4 GHz
- First ASKAP 12m antenna commissioned with VLBI observations
 - 1.4 GHz
- UTAS Auscope 12m antennas
 - 2.3 & 8.4 GHz
 - Broadband feeds under investigation
- 1.4 GHz feed for Ceduna



Free-free absorbed structure

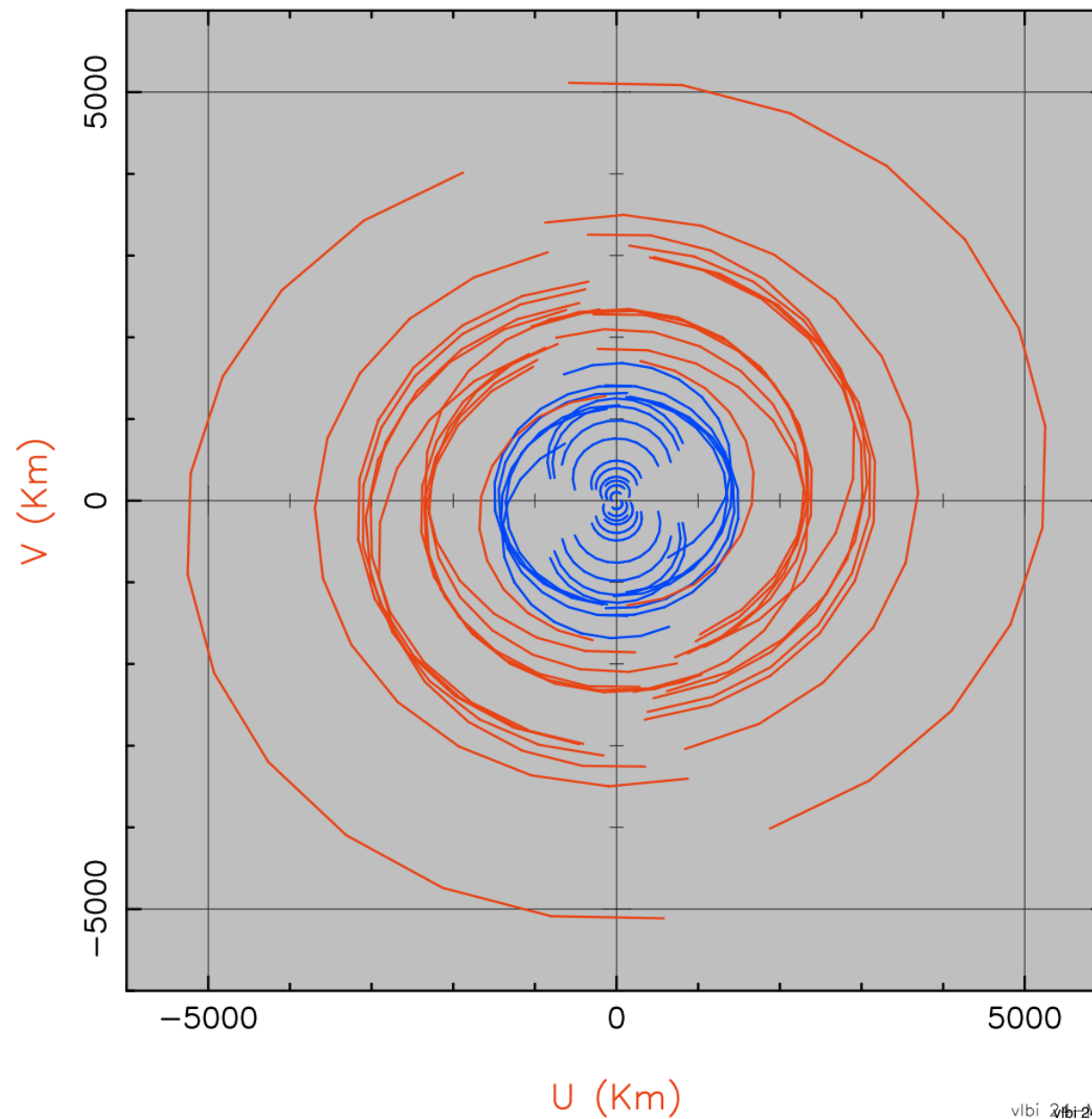


Montage courtesy Steven Tingay, Curtin



UV Coverage for vt999l

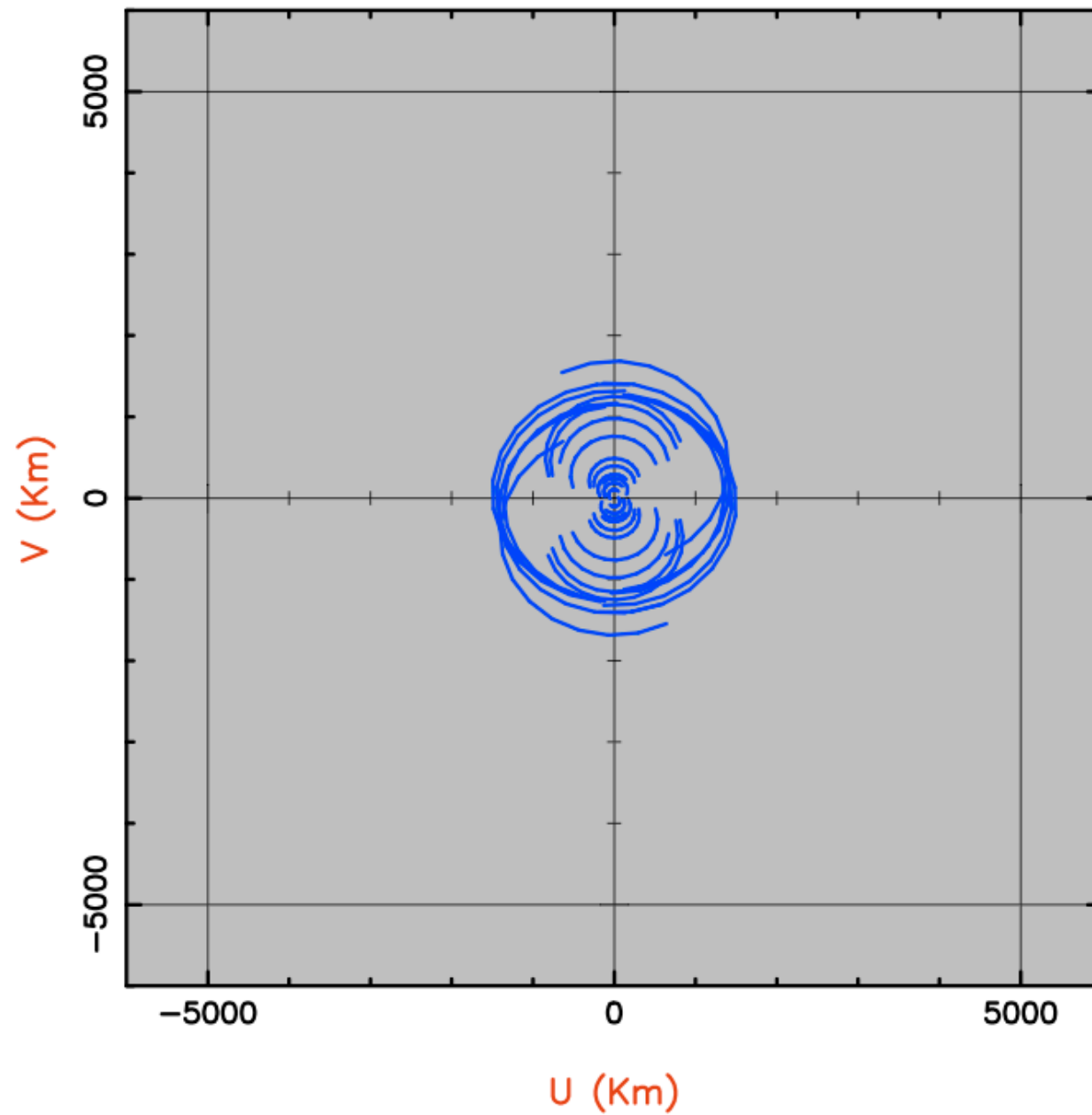
PARKES
MOPRA
ATCA
HOBART
CEDUNA
ASKAP
WARKWORT
TID70_S2
1934-638



UV Coverage for vt999s

PARKES
MOPRA
ATCA
HOBART
CEDUNA
TID70_S2

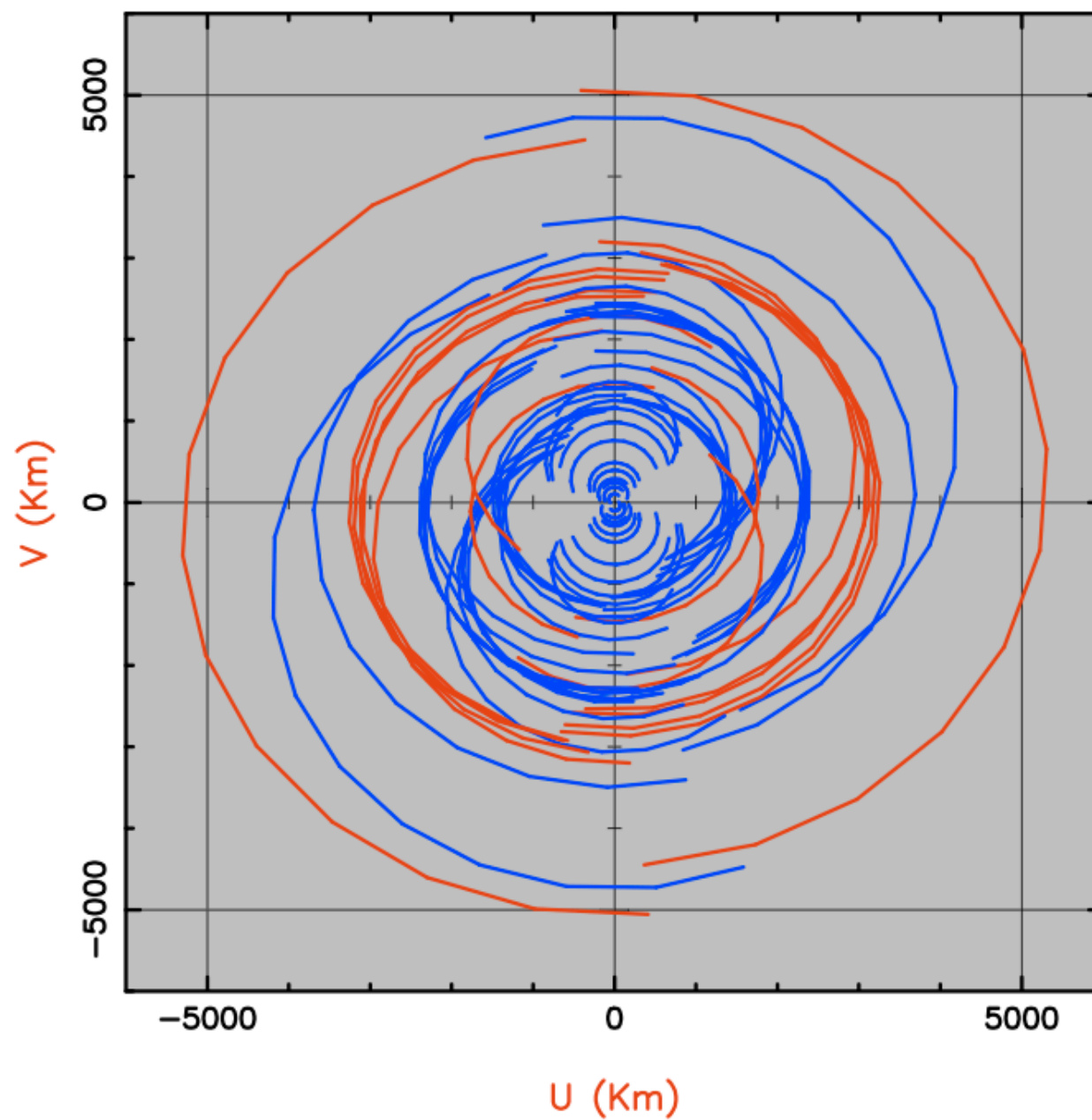
1934–638



UV Coverage for vt999s

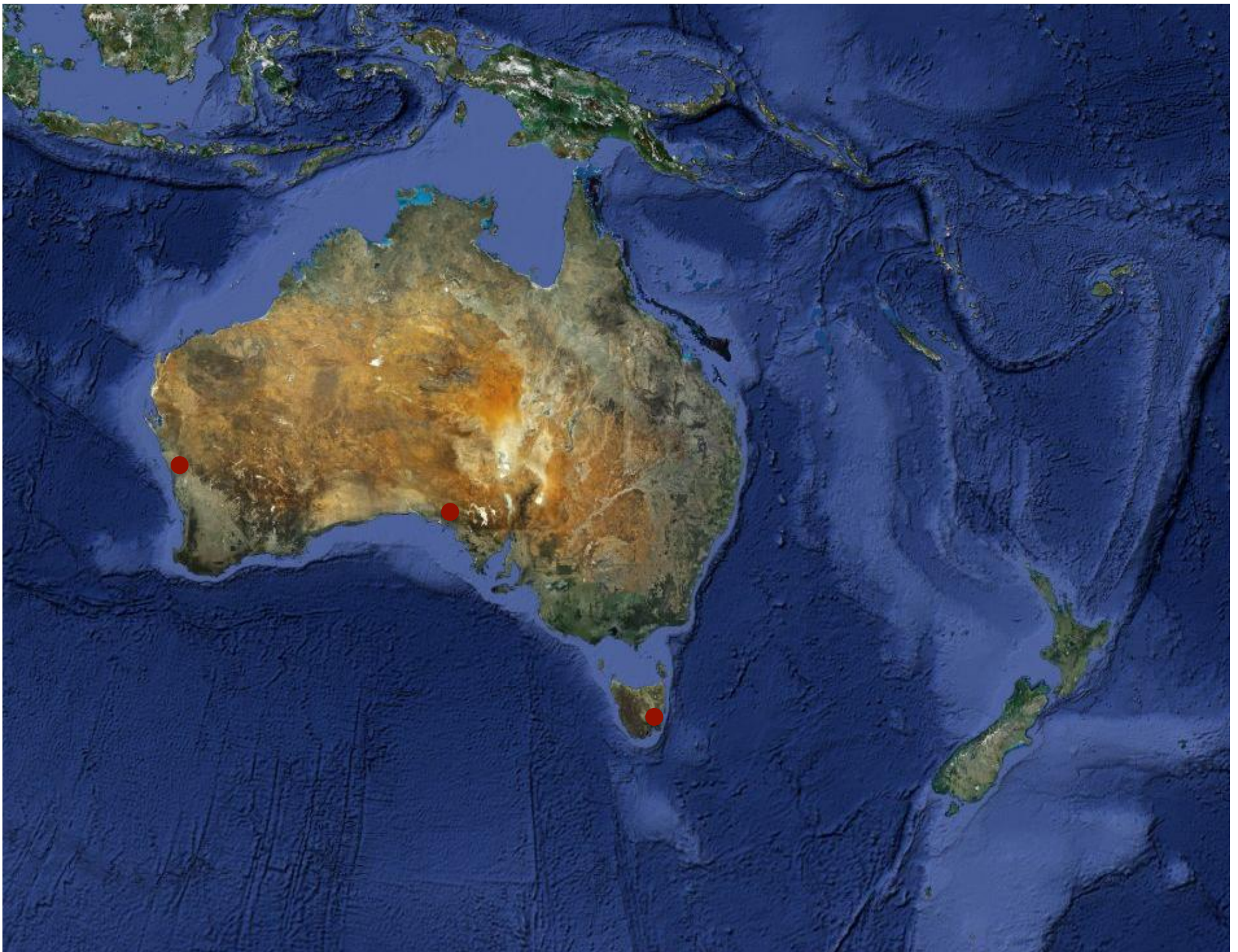
PARKES
MOPRA
ATCA
HOBART
CEDUNA
KATHERIN
YARRAGAD
WARKWORT
TID70_S2

1934–638



Availability

- ASKAP and Warkworth available on “best effort” basis in current call for proposal
 - Longer term availability to be determined
- AUSCOPE not formally available for astronomical observations
 - Geodetic commitments
 - Availability for astronomy needs to be negotiated



LBA Calibrator Survey

- Imaging weak sources *requires* phase referencing
 - Calibrator within $\sim 2^\circ$ of source
- LBA Calibrator Survey increasing density of calibrators in Southern Hemisphere
 - Based (initially) on AT20G catalog
- Increased number of calibrators from 163 to 600.
 - Goal is > 1000
- Increased sensitivity allows weaker calibrators

DiFX

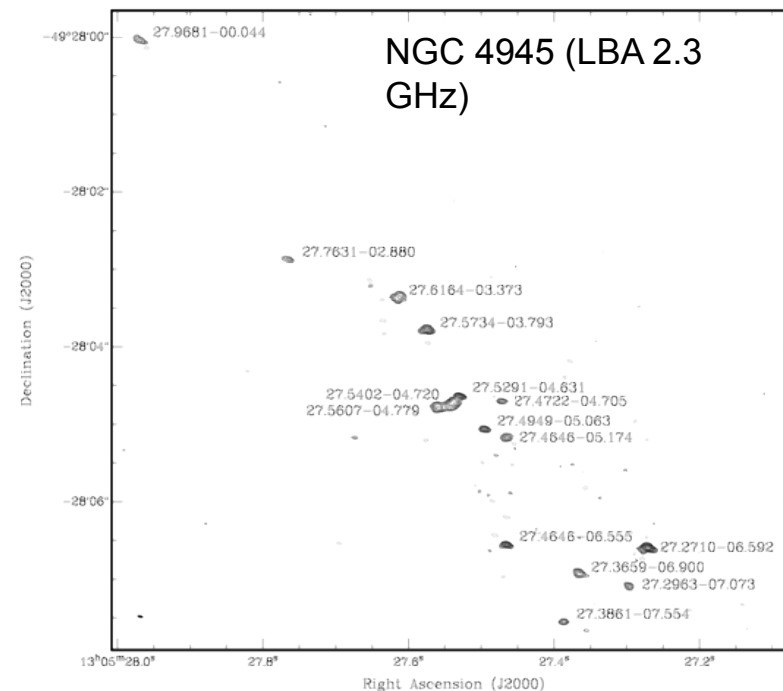
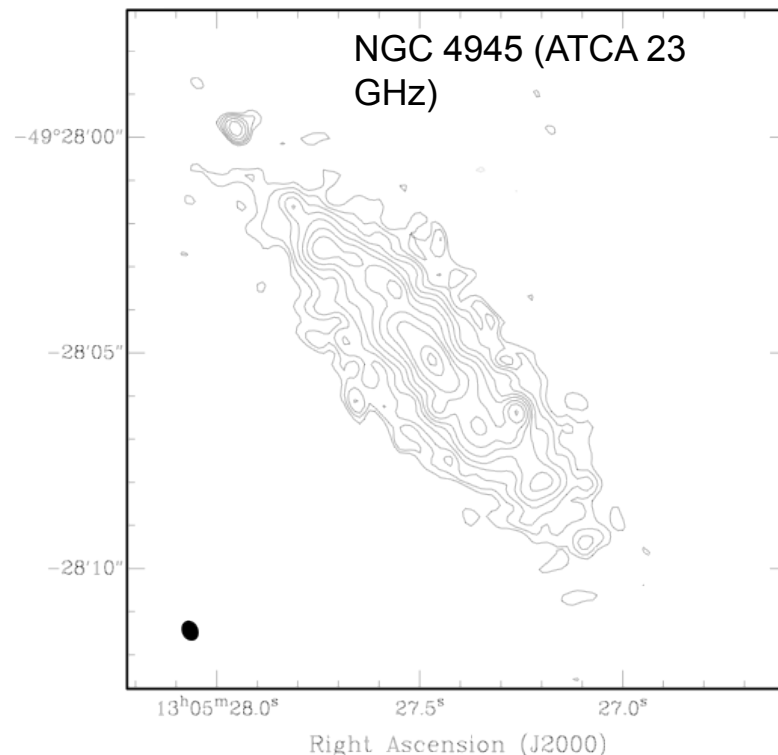
- Many improvements to DiFX
- Notably multiple phase centered across field of view
- 100 simultaneous “pointings” at $\sim 2x$ compute requirements
- Bandmatch – allows correlation of different bandwidths at each telescope
- “Zoom modes” – correlate at high spectral resolution and keep subset of channels

Science Applications

- More sensitivity, higher resolution, better uv coverage
 - Inbeam calibration
- Astrometry
 - Proper motion, parallax
 - Pulsars, Galactic distances
- Wide field imaging

VLBI Survey (Wide-Field) Capabilities

- A powerful capability enabling imaging, at full VLBI resolution and sensitivity, of multiple sources within the primary beam. e.g. monitoring of supernovae and supernova remnants (Lenc & Tingay 2009, AJ, 137, 537 and Lenc & Tingay 2006, AJ, 132, 1333).



ATNF

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Thank you

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