Improvement of spectrum management system

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Spectrum use

Main user(s)	Radio systems used	Functional uses	End use output	Intersectoral use output	Digital economy programmes	
Defence	Mobile and satellite communication systems, radio-relay links, location systems, radars	Operational control of all armed forces, operation of air defence and aerospace forces	Safeguarding national security	Development of radio- electronic industries and science	e-defence	
Security and law-enforcement agencies	Mobile and satellite communication systems, Radio-relay systems	Operational control of subordinate units	Maintenance of internal security and law enforcement, government communications	Development of radio- electronic industries and science	e-security	
Communications and informatization	Mobile and satellite communication systems, radio-relay systems, sensor systems	Provision of access to data transmission systems and public communication networks	Public communication and informatization services, maintenance of economic security	Development of radio- electronic industries and trade, social development	e-government e-education e-medicine e-democracy	
Broadcasting	Satellite and radio-relay communication systems, broadcasting networks	Broadcasting of TV and radio programmes	Safeguarding freedom of thought, speech and public information	Development of commerce, advertising, public information	e-culture e-elections e-education	
Earth Exploration	Remote Earth sensing satellites	Collection of data on the state of the Earth's natural characteristics	Cartography, geoinformation, data on the state of the climate and natural resources	Construction, extraction of natural resources	e-democracy	
Radionavigation	Satellite and land-based navigation systems	Transmission of precise time and location signals	Precise determination of the location and speed of objects	Development of all branches of industry	e-democracy, e-defence e-security	
Meteorology and Earth monitoring	Remote earth sensing and data collection satellites, radars, meteorology probes and sensors	Collection of meteorological data	Weather forecasting, prediction of natural disasters. Monitoring of climate change	Maintenance of defence, transport, agriculture and forestry, green energy production	e-climate e-democracy e-agriculture	
Transport	Mobile and satellite communication and navigation systems, sensors, radars	Remote monitoring and control of transport, broadband access	Protection of human life, improving safety of passenger and cargo transport, optimization of traffic, driverless transport	Development of trade, the hotel and tourism sector, postal services	e-navigation, e-safety e-roads e-commerce	
Radio astronomy	Ground and space radio astronomy stations	Collection of data on the cosmos	Development of fundamental science	Development of all branches of industry	e-science	
Space research	International Space Station, piloted and pilotless space missions	Studies on the near-Earth space environment and space objects	Development of fundamental science, search for natural resources, protection from potential hazards from space	Development of all branches of industry	e-science, e-industry	
Industrial production enterprises	Office and corparate networks, control/management, automation and quality-control networks	Improving production efficiency and safety	Optimizing use of resources	Development of all branches of industry	e-industry	

Spectrum demand

Service	Total spectrum allocation in Region 1 below 1 GHz, MHz	Demand for spectrum use until 2023	
Mobile service	8 800	Strong	
Fixed service	62 000	Strong	
Fixed-satellite service	34 900	Strong	
Mobile-satellite service	17 900	Medium	
Broadcasting-satellite service	5 600	No change	
Earth exploration-satellite and meteorological-satellite service	22 300	Medium	
Broadcasting service	5 400	Falling	
Maritime services	180	Strong	
Aeronautical services	581	Strong	
Total	157 700	_	

Spectrum limits



Spectrum management challenges

- Spectrum scarcity (WRC-19 \geq 30 new A.I)
- >New merged technologies
- New applications (HAPS for IMT base station, sub-orbital vehicles, space weather global monitoring etc.)
- No real picture of spectrum occupation interference reporting, recording in MIFR
- **>**Obsolete procedures
- > Political influence



Illegal spectrum use- interference case study (RLAN-meteo radars)

Starting	2006	\$ Among the
Current status	180 existing radars only in EC (average	
	CAPEX 1 million Euros per site)	\$5
Scale of	110 radars in 21 EU States, up to thousands	50-
degradation	cases per site, 5600-5650 MHz band	
Applications	the conditions of the atmosphere, severe	25
	weather detection for navigation, wind and	
	precipitation detection and estimates,	20121122 INC24
	detection of aircraft icing conditions	AT - SA
Type approval	RTTE Directive (Self approval)	Fr 2
Market surveillance	64 different 5 GHz WAS/WLAN devices	No the
campaign	38 samples: DFS function could be directly or	punct 13
(ECC REPORT 192)	indirectly deactivated	
	3 samples: DFS does not exist	

E-spectrum



Input-output matrix for spectrum use

		Main spectrum users			S	Aggregate	Socio-economic impact		r k-	-th
		1	2		п	bandwidth for <i>k</i> scenario	Output for end- user for <i>k</i> -th scenario	Inter-sector output for <i>k</i> -th scenario	Overall impact for th scenario	Overall cost for k- scenario
Spectrum allocation scenarios	1	S11	S12		S _{1n}	S_I	Yint1	Yext1	Y_I	W_{I}
	2	S ₂₁	S ₂₂		S _{2n}	S_2	Yint2	Yext2	Y_2	W_2
		• • •	• • •		* * *				* * *	• • •
	k	S_{nl}	<i>S</i> ₂		S _{nk}	S_k	Yintk	Yextk	Y_k	W_k
Revenue		p_1	p_2		p_n					
Capital cost		cap_1	cap_2		cap_n					
Operationa costs	al	op ₁	op ₂		op_n					
Spectrum costs	use	WI	W2		Wn]				

 $e_n = y_n / w_n = y_n / cap_n(s_{nk}) + op_n(s_{nk}) + p_n$

Thank you