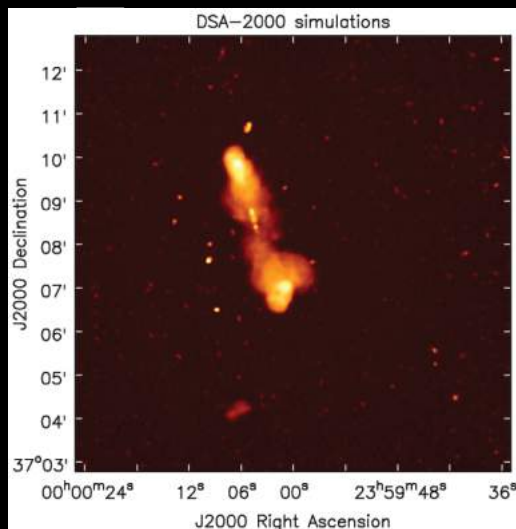




DSA-2000: a 2000-dish radio array



G. Hallinan¹, V. Ravi¹, S. Weinreb¹, J. Kocz¹, Y. Huang¹, D. P. Woody¹, J. Lamb¹, J. Hickish¹, K. L. Bouman¹, L. D'Addario¹, M. W. Hodges¹, M. Catha¹, J. Shi¹, C. Law¹, G. Hellbourg¹, D. Simard¹, M. Fleming¹, S. R. Kulkarni¹, E. S. Phinney¹, H. Sun¹

M. A. McLaughlin², S. M. Ransom², X. Siemens², J. M. Cordes², R. S. Lynch², D. L. Kaplan², S. Chatterjee², J. Lazio², A. Brazier²

S. Bhatnagar³, S. T. Myers³, F. Walter^{4,3}, B. M. Gaensler⁵

¹DSA Collaboration

²The NANOGrav Collaboration

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⁵Dunlap Institute, University of Toronto, 50 St. George Street, Toronto, ON M5S 3H4, Canada

Hallinan, Ravi +19 arXiv:1907.07648

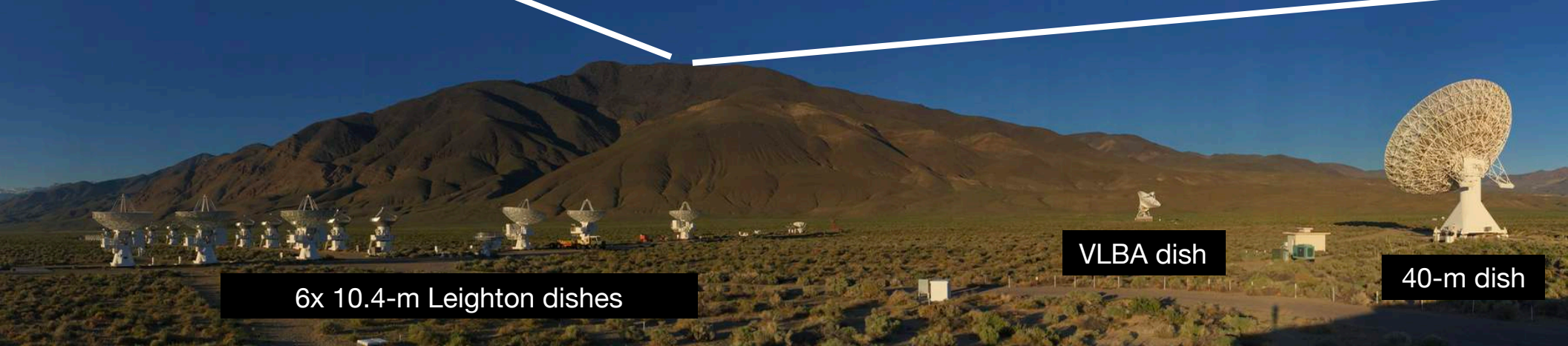




Owens



John Bolton with Caltech's first radio dish (Palomar Mtn, early 1950s)



6x 10.4-m Leighton dishes

VLBA dish

40-m dish



The Deep Synoptic Array



DSA-1 (2013)

DSA-10 (2017)



STARE2

Localized FRB



DSA-110 (2020)



DSA-2000: why 2000 antennas?

True image

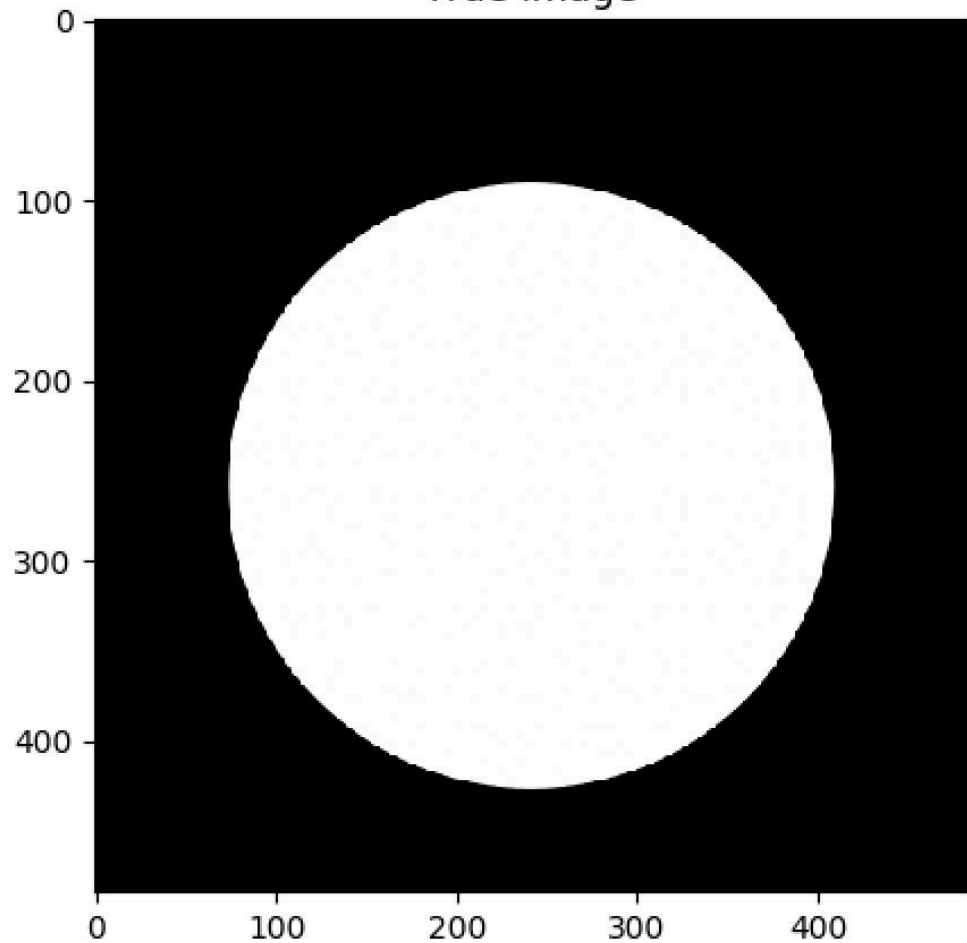
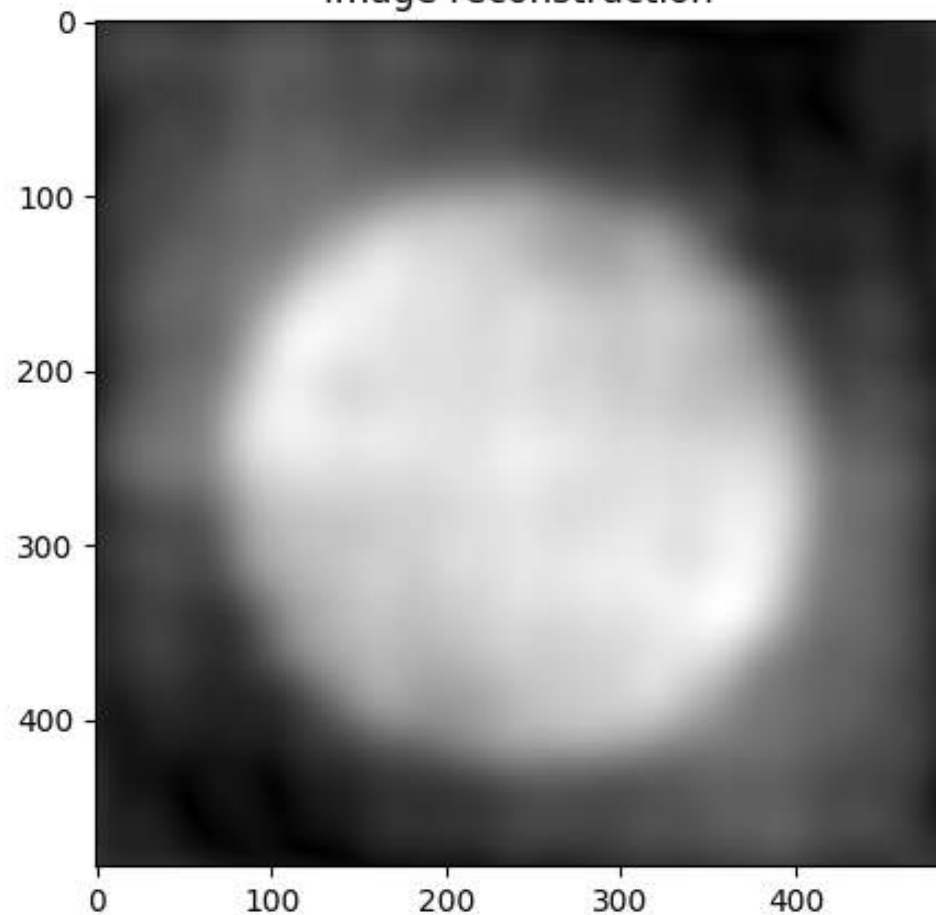


Image reconstruction





DSA-2000: why 2000 antennas?

U-V sampling: NANT = 30

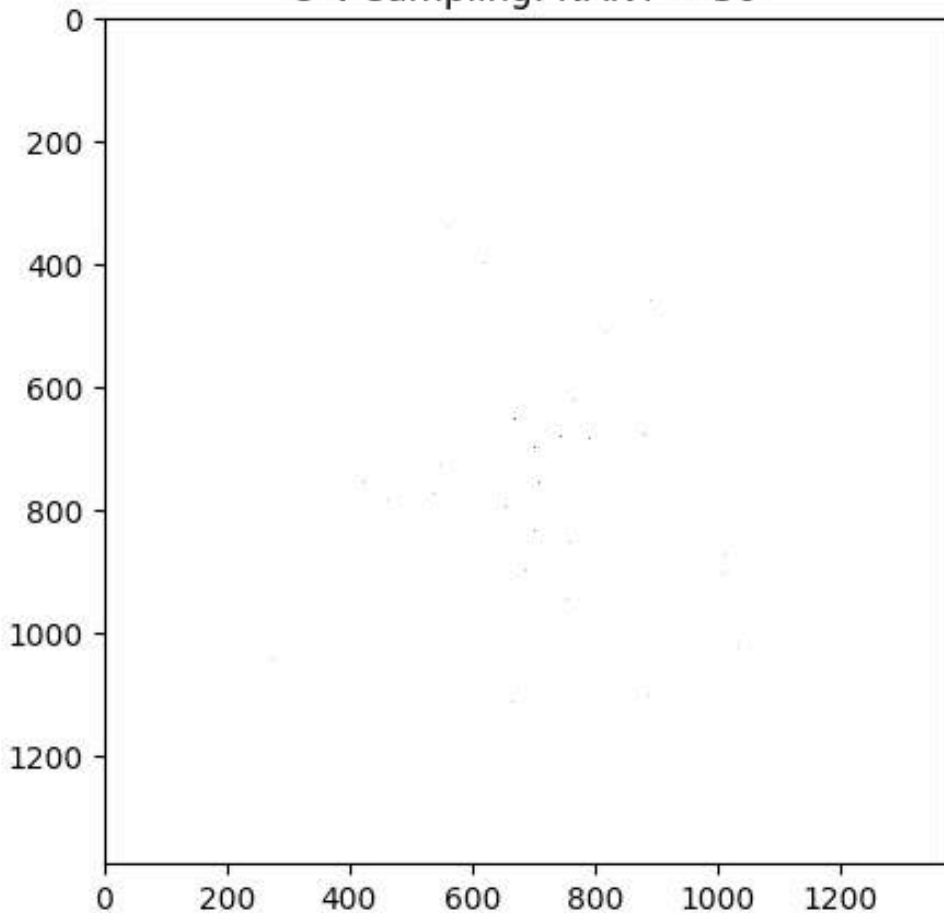
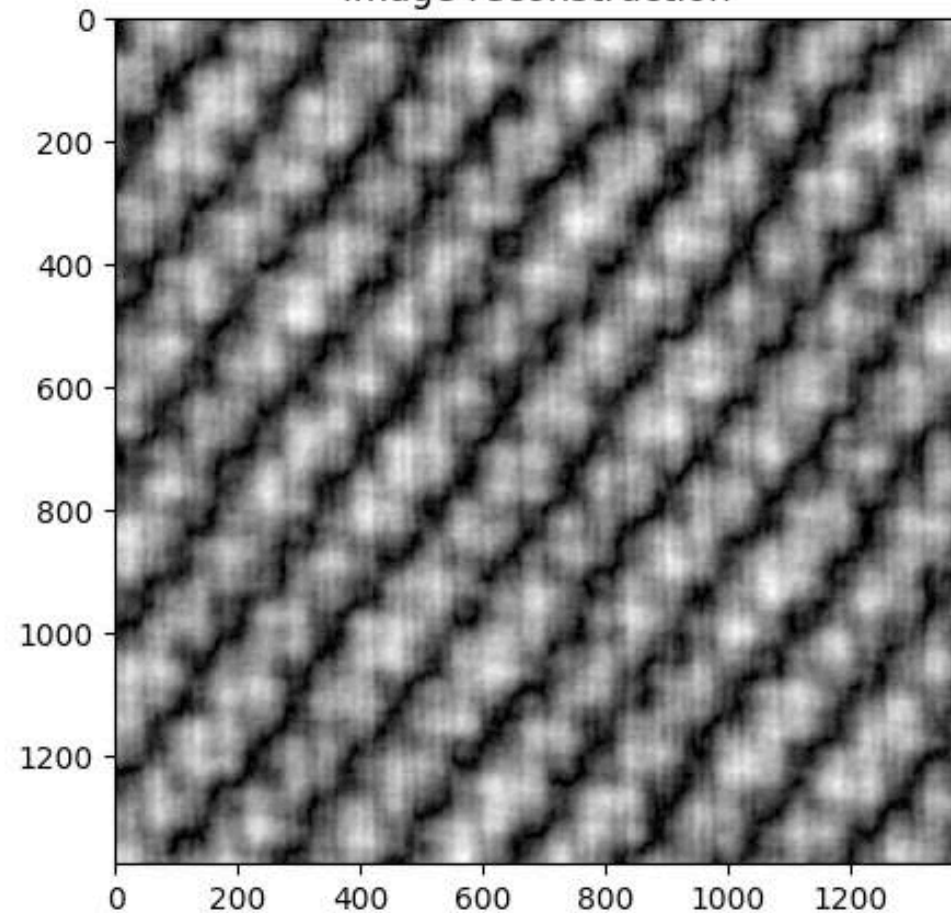
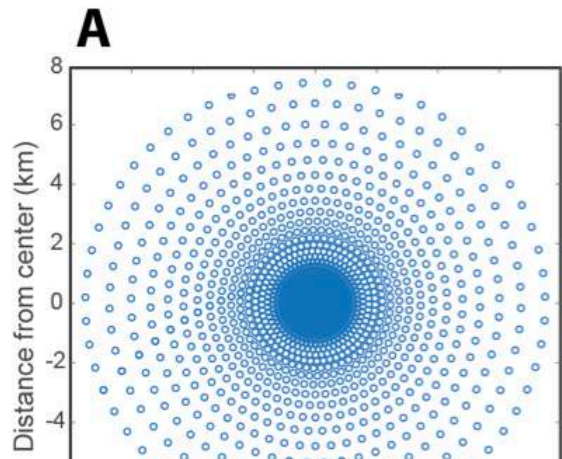


Image reconstruction

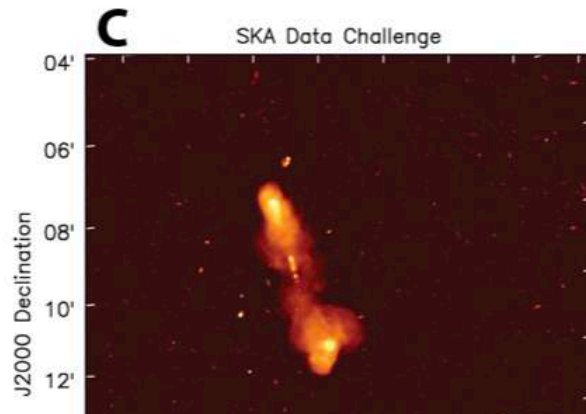
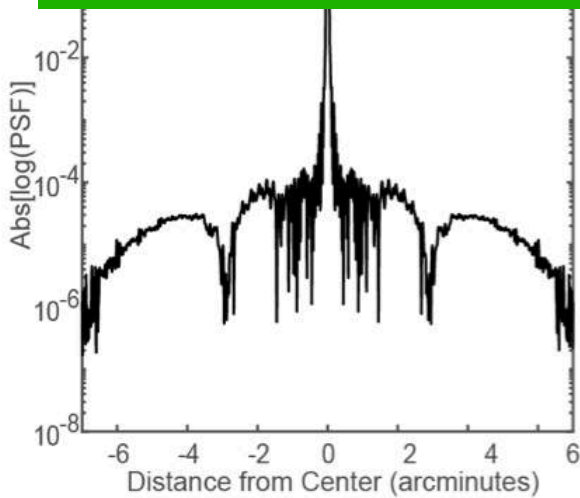




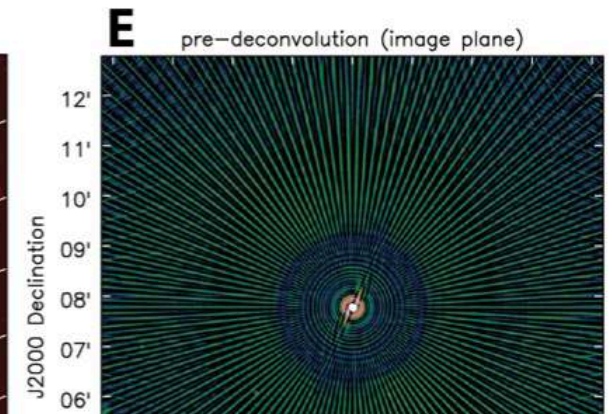
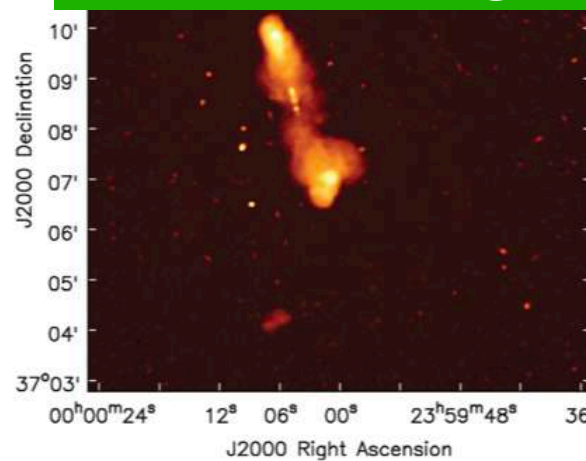
DSA-2000: the concept



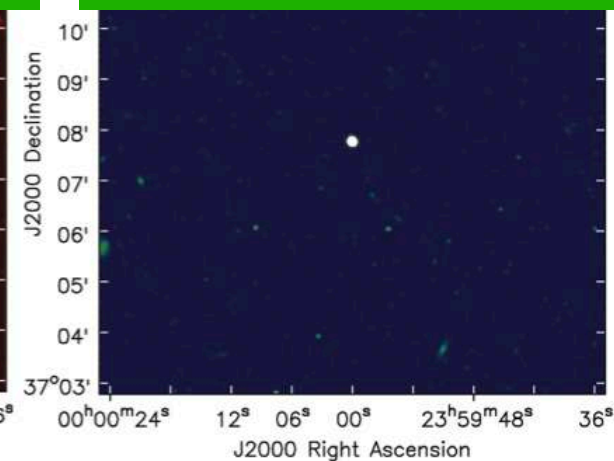
2000 antennas effectively fill the aperture.



In most regions of the sky, no image processing.

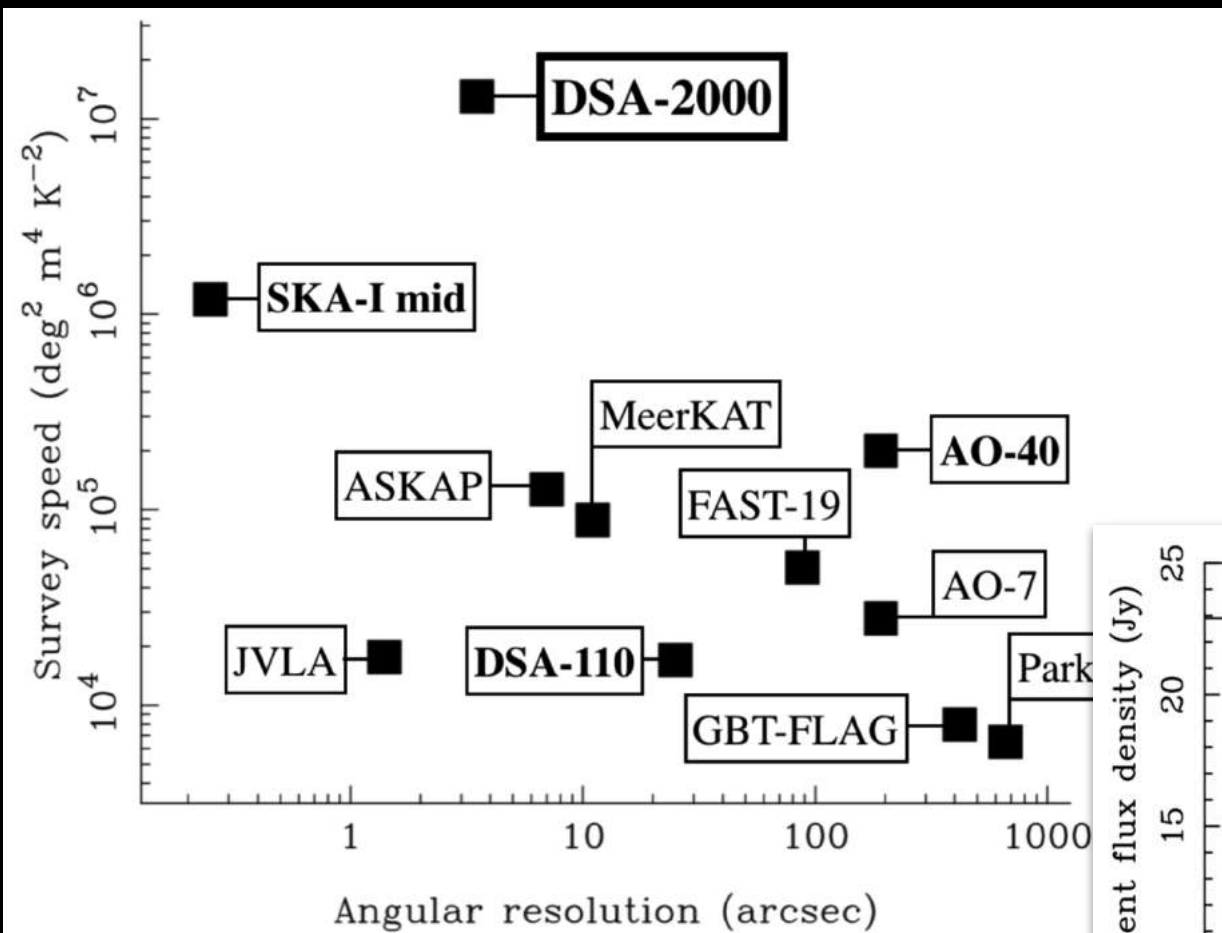


In few % of the sky simple PSF subtraction is required.



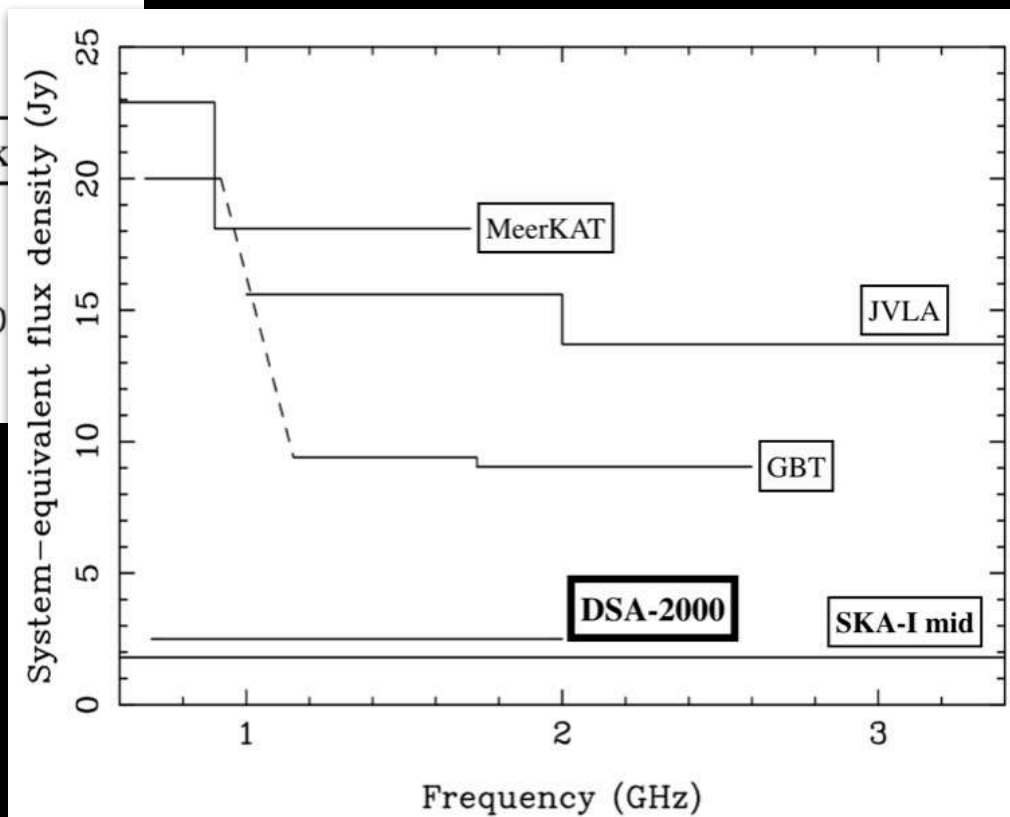


DSA-2000: a radio survey telescope



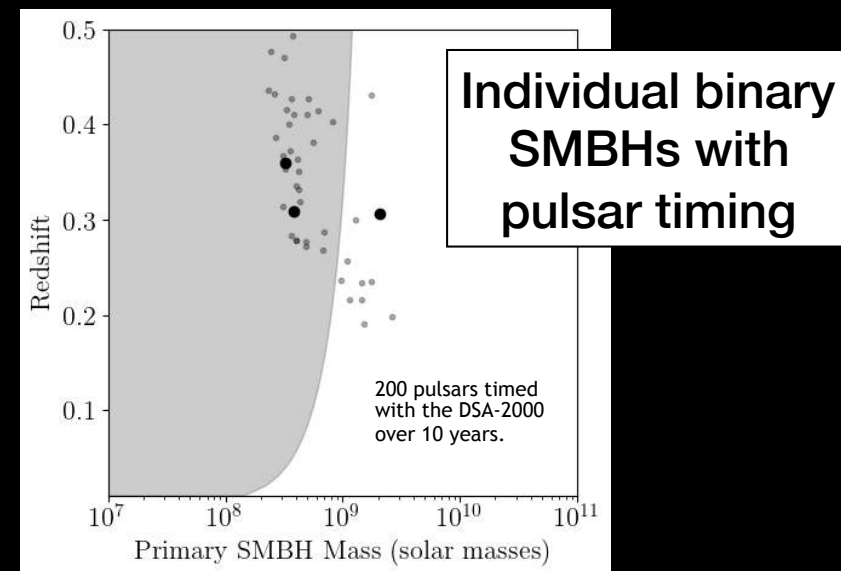
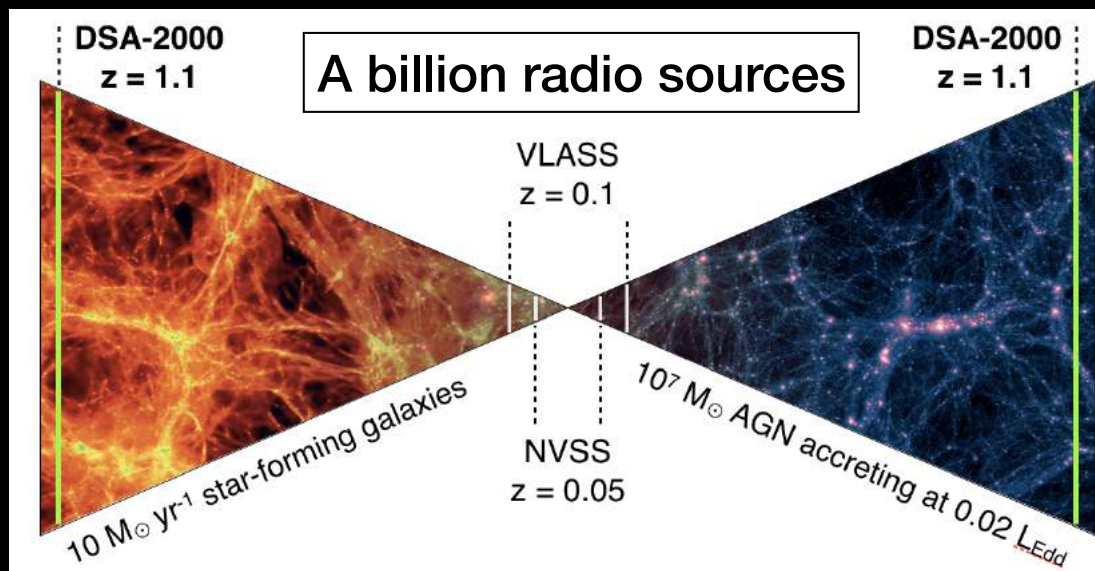
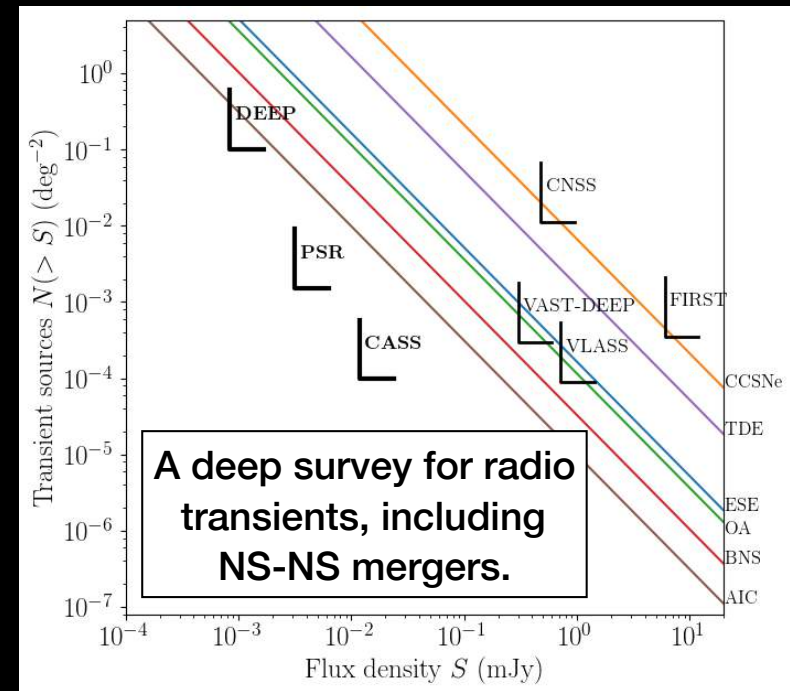
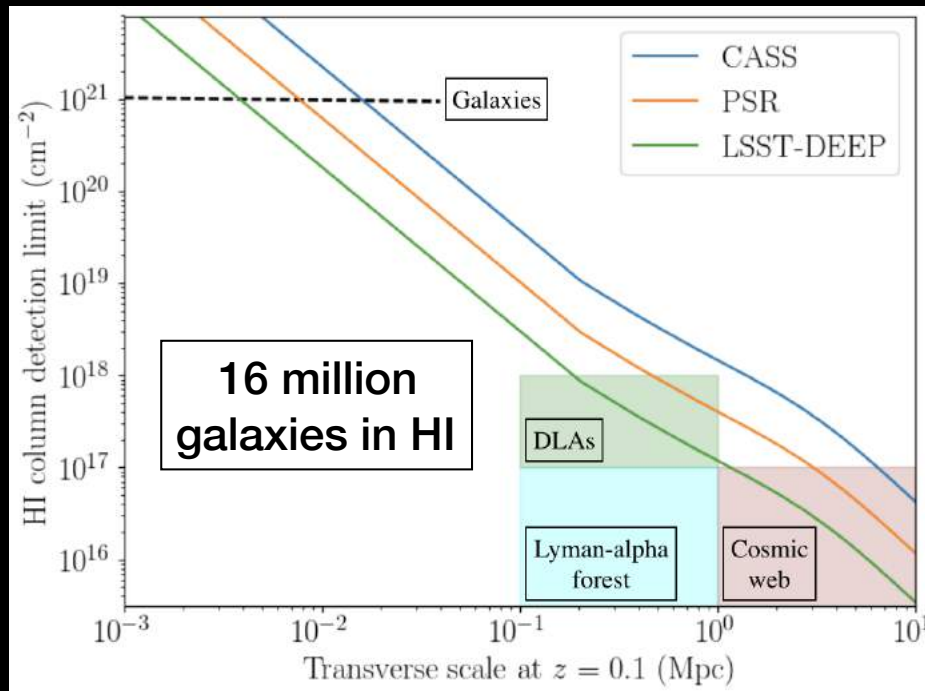
Survey speed
10x SKA-I mid

Sensitivity
comparable to
Arecibo and
SKA-I mid



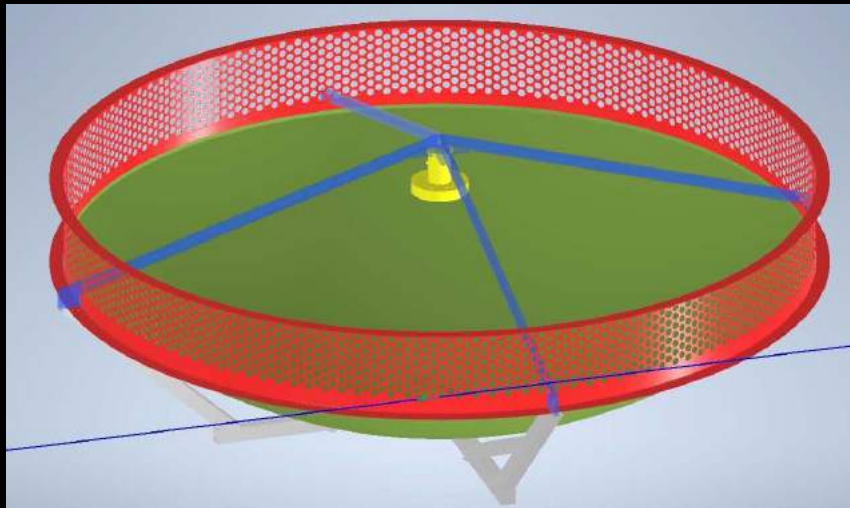
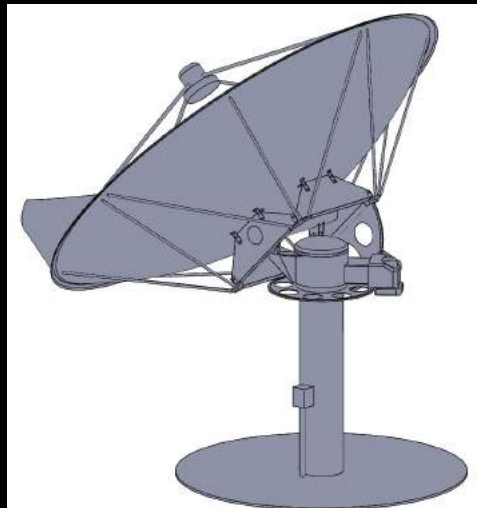


DSA-2000: science cases

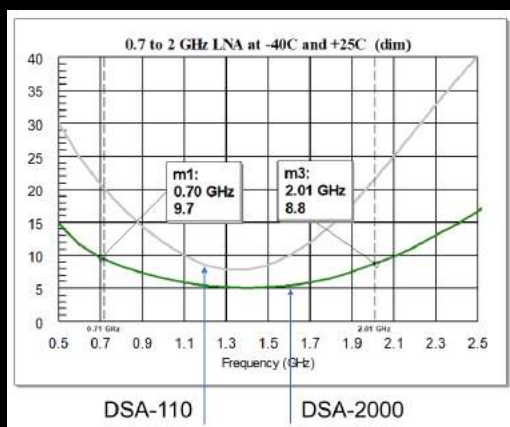
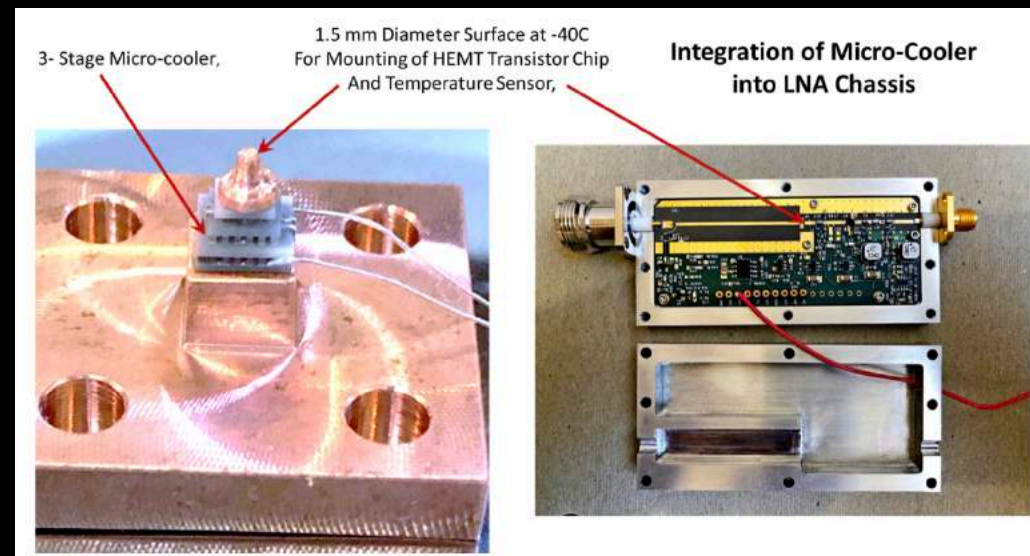
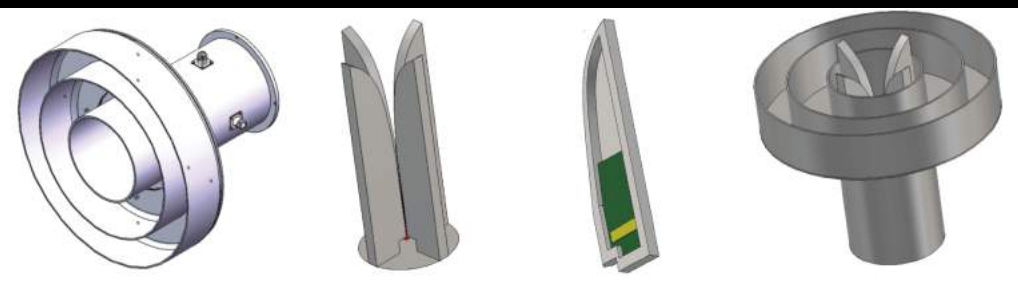




DSA-2000: how is this possible?



Antenna design by Dave Woody and Matt Fleming - **\$20k** for antenna/mount/drive package. 5-m solid spun rim-supported $f=0.33$ reflector, fab on site. Roller chain mechanism for alt/az drive.



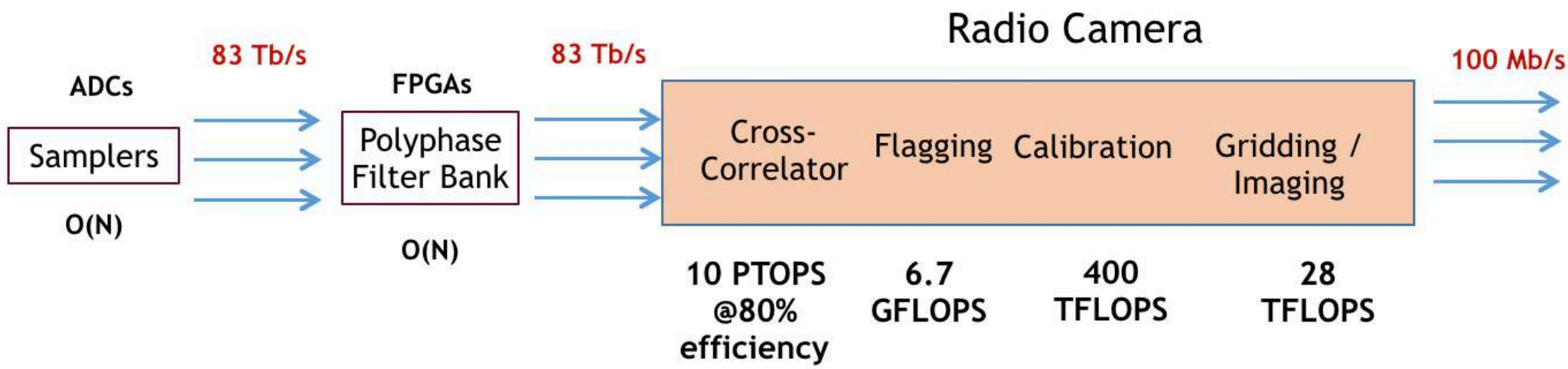
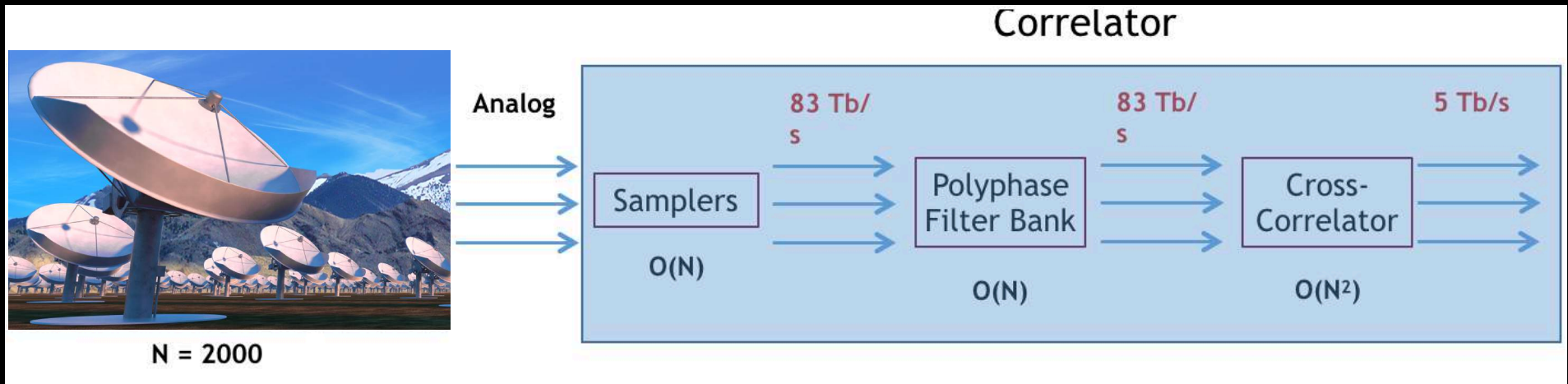
Feed/LNA design by Sandy Weinreb, Jonas Flygare, Jun Shi - **\$2k** per package.

Quad-ridge “cakepan” feed, with embedded, Peltier-cooled LNA. Builds on 7K ambient-temperature DSA-110 LNA.



<https://www.radiocamera.io/seminars>

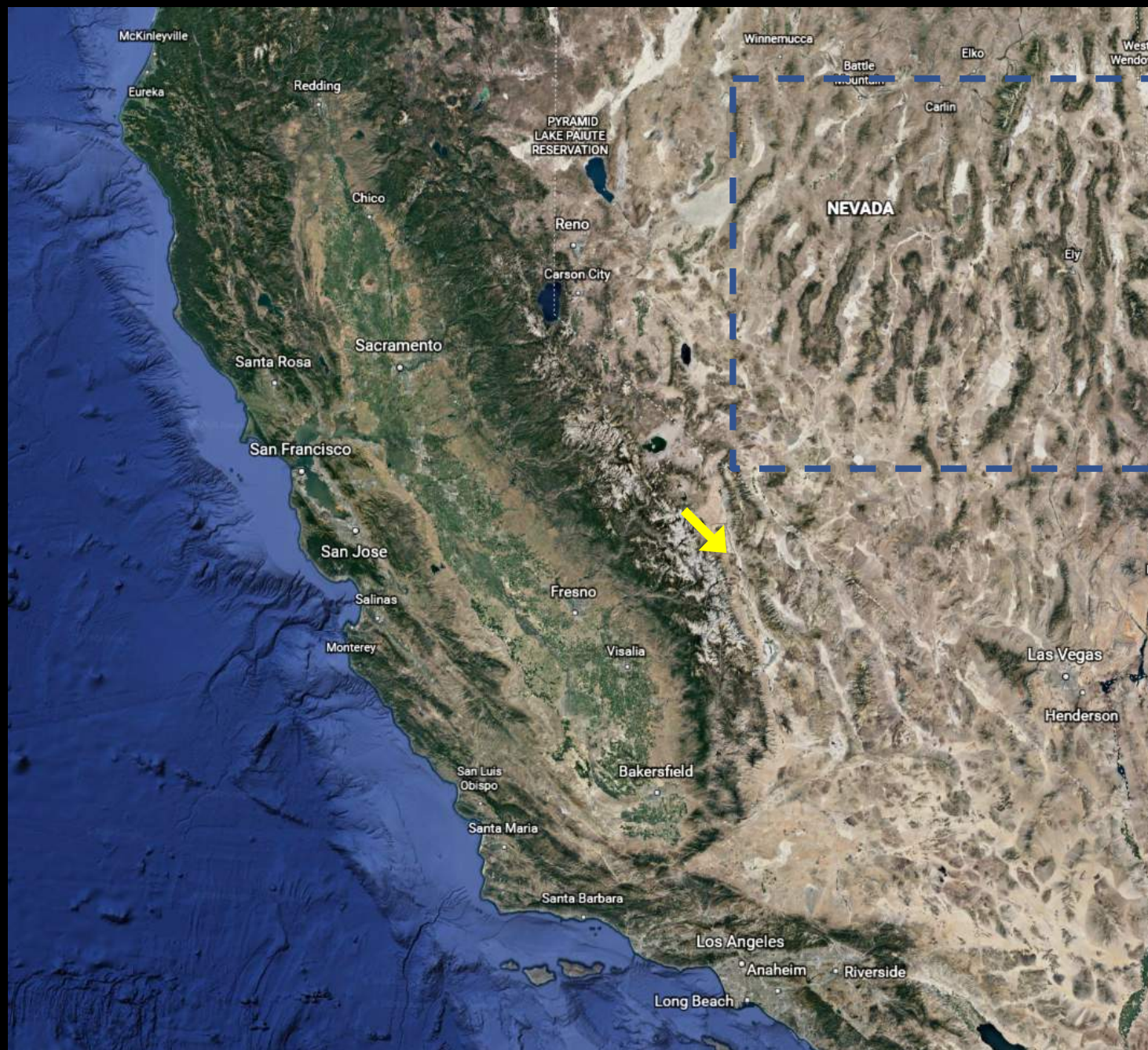
DSA-2000: the Radio Camera Initiative



The RCI is developing a software solution for real-time correlation, flagging, calibration, gridding and imaging of visibilities. Continuum and spectral-line **image products** will then be served directly to the community.

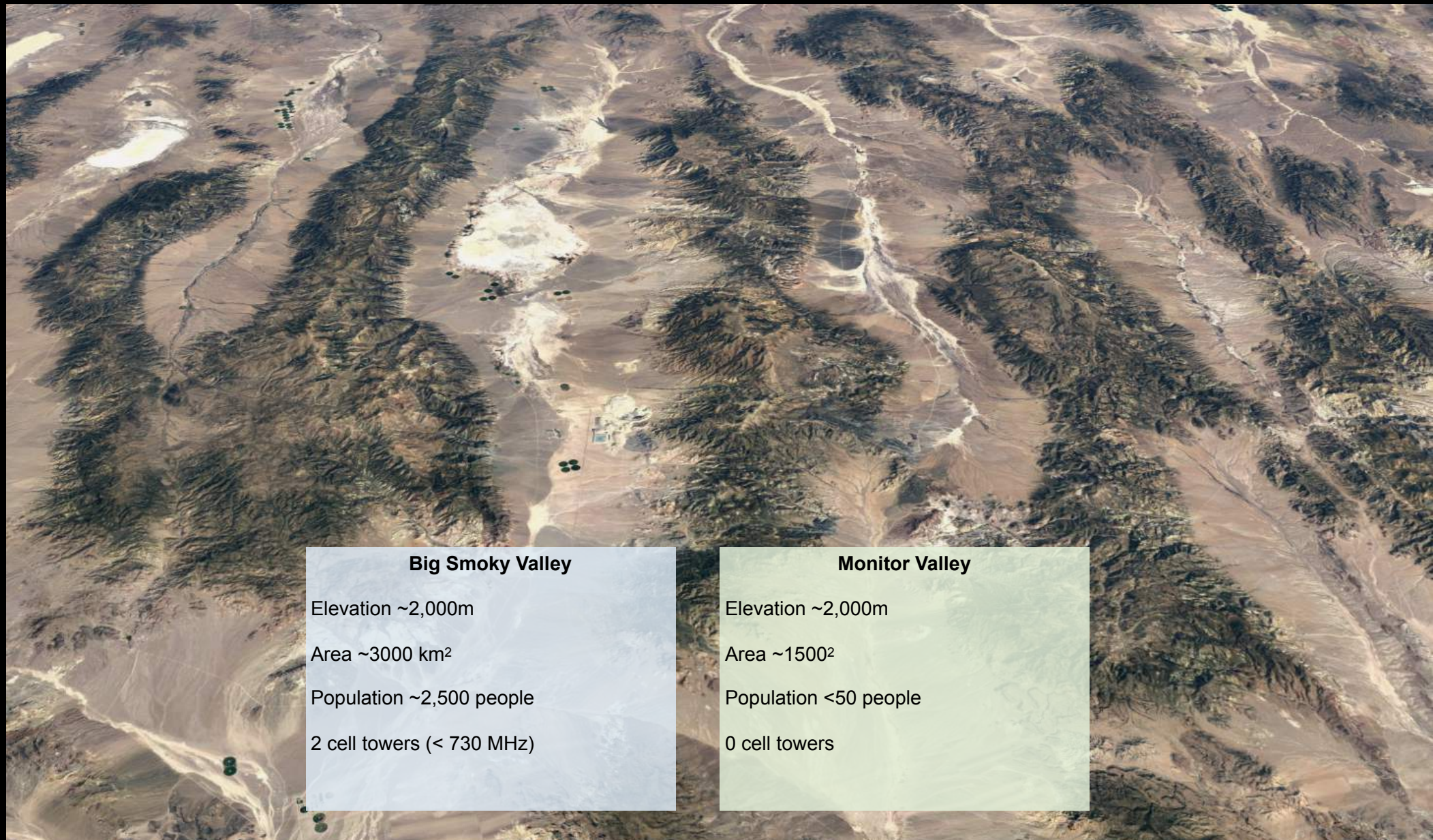


DSA-2000: Site selection





DSA-2000: Site selection



Big Smoky Valley

Elevation ~2,000m

Area ~3000 km²

Population ~2,500 people

2 cell towers (< 730 MHz)

Monitor Valley

Elevation ~2,000m

Area ~1500²

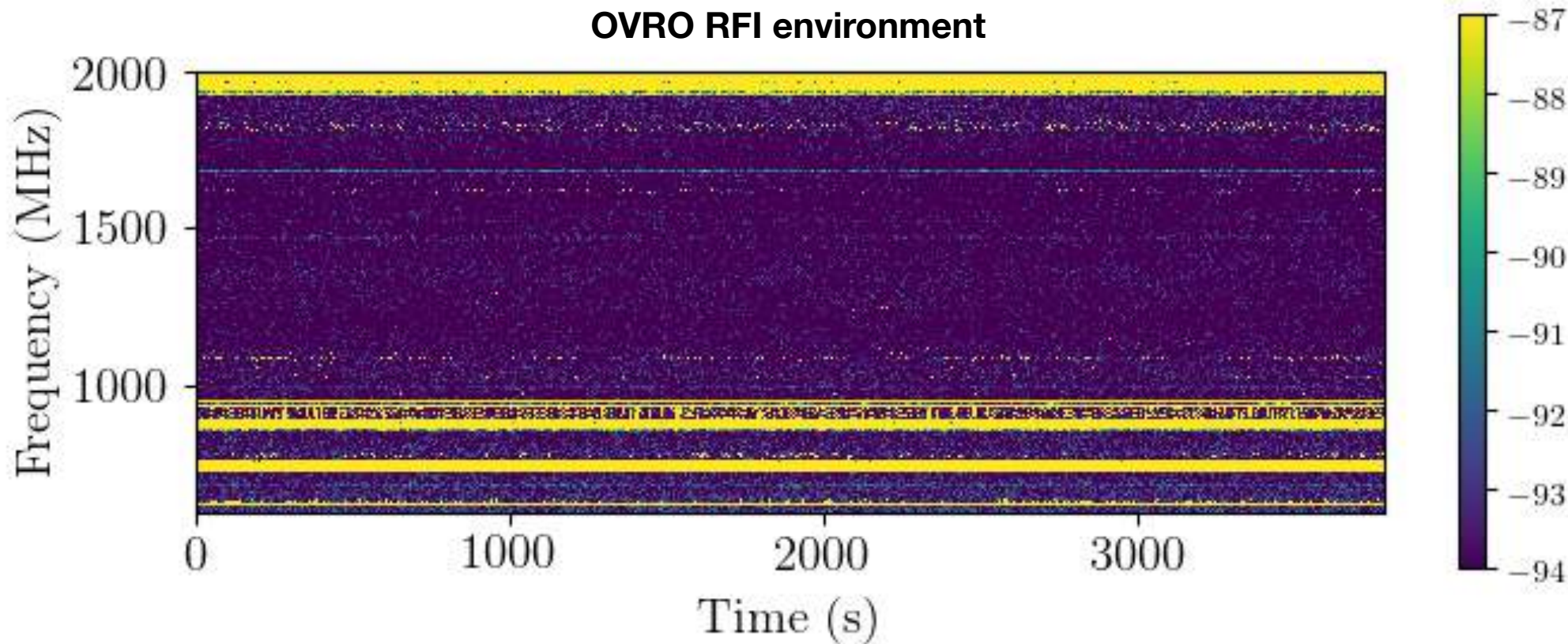
Population <50 people

0 cell towers



DSA-2000: Site selection

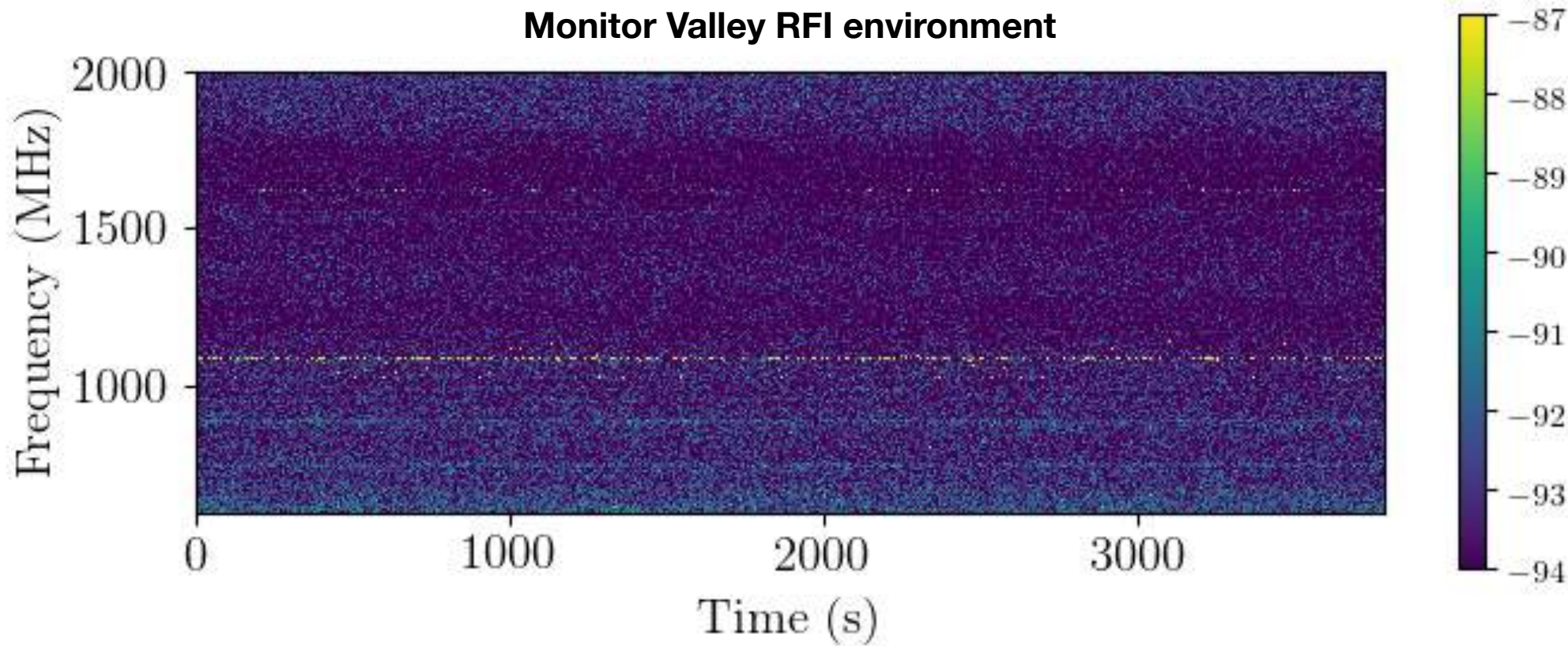
OVRO RFI environment





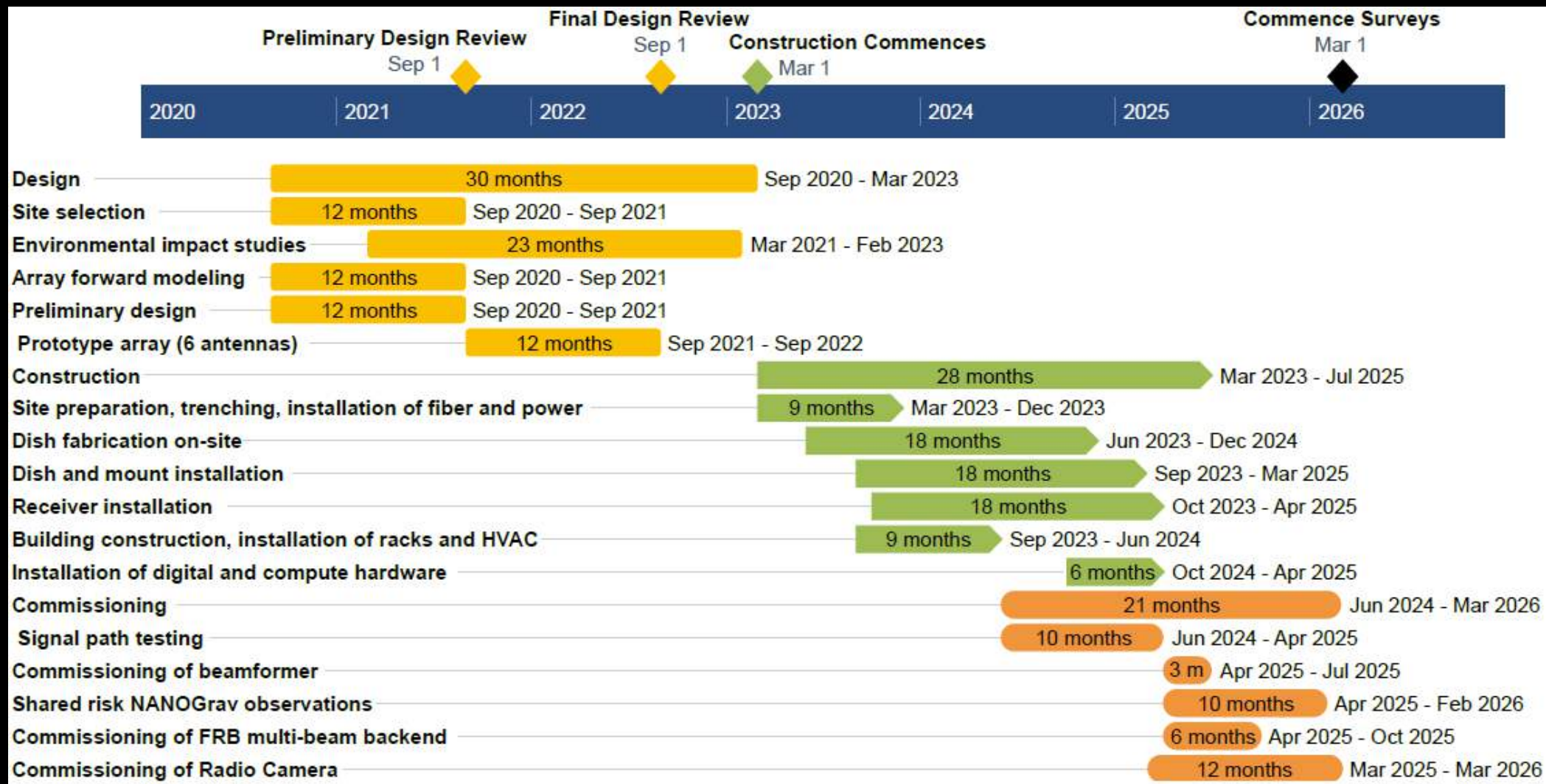
DSA-2000: Site selection

Monitor Valley RFI environment





DSA-2000: Timeline and Budget





DSA-2000: Timeline and Budget

	Estimated Cost	Contingency	Total
Design/Development	\$5 million	25%	\$6.25 million
Antennas, Mounts and Drives	\$33.4 million	20%	\$40.6 million
Receivers	\$6.2 million	40%	\$8.6 million
Infrastructure, Buildings	\$17.3 million	41%	\$23 million
Environmental Impact Statement	\$1 million	50%	\$1.5 million
Monitor/Control Hardware	\$2.65 million	20%	\$3.2 million
Radio Camera and Storage	\$27.1 million	0%	\$27.1 million
Public Archive	\$2.3 million	50%	\$3.5 million
Total Construction	\$88.9 million	20%	\$107.5 million
Operations/yr	\$5.3 million	25%	\$6.6 million

- Caltech and NANOGrav has funded hardware design and development and initial project management.
- Schmidt Futures has funded RCI development (Hallinan, Ravi, Bouman)
- Full funding model is NSF (MSRI R-2) + partners.
- Anticipate US Astro2020 Decadal Survey results in early 2021.



DSA-2000: Summary

- 2000 5-m steerable antennas spread over 15 km; 0.7-2 GHz; imaging + pulsar timing + fast transients.
- Survey speed 10x SKA-I mid, and Arecibo sensitivity.
- Approx. \$US 110M construction, \$US 7M/yr operations
- Five-year prime mission, survey data served to community
- Anticipate construction beginning by 2024.

