

Native Mark6 Playback in DiFX and Related Developments

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Mark6 General Characteristics

Physical

- * Same chassis, different backplane, COTS disk controller
- * Slave chassis possible for > 2 simultaneous modules
- * Simultaneously record from up to 4 10 Gb Ethernet interfaces
- * Similar modules: back-panel power, front-panel I/O

Recording Software

- * C-plane in Python: op. int., mounting, grouping of m modules
- * D-plane in C: high performance I/O code; uses pfring

Operational model

- * ~ 10 MB chunks from each interface captured into write buffer
- * Non-deterministic assignment of each chunk to one of the $8m$ drives

See http://www.haystack.edu/tech/vlbi/mark6/mark6_memo/05-Mark6_Design_and_Status.pdf for more details

On-disk Format

Each drive has two partitions:

Meta-data partition

- * Stores drive/module identity, module groupings, and directory
- * Directory is stored as a Python list/dictionary in text format
- * Info on all drives in a group is identical

Data partition

- * One file (per drive) is created per scan
- * File starts with small binary header containing: sync word, header version, block size, packet format, and packet size
- * Each chunk is preceded by a chunk header containing: block number and size of chunk+chunk header
- * Each chunk is an integer number of frames.
- * Chunk data is always non-legacy VDIF
- * Mark5B data is converted to VDIF on-the-fly

VDIF EDV 4

- * VDIF supports user-defined *Extended Data* to be stored within each VDIF header
- * Multi-thread VDIF data can be *multiplexed* into single-thread VDIF where each thread contains all of the channels
- * Multiplexing data that contain missing packets, especially those where a particular thread is flaky, poses problems in assigning validity to the output packet
- * Mark6 case with multiple Ethernet streams is an important driver for this
- * EDV4 allocates up to 64 bits to assign per-channel data validity
- * EDV4 being assessed by the VDIF committee amid some minor controversy (discuss?)
- * *Provisional support is in vdifio now*

Multiple Datastreams per Antenna

- * Many Mark6 (and some Mark5C) deployments use multiple independent recorders for wider recording bandwidths
- * Core of mpifxcorr has always distinguished between a *datastream* and an *antenna*
- * Not all of the external software (e.g., vex2difx, difx2fits, ...) did
- * Considerable effort over summer 2015 put into restructuring code (mostly vex2difx) to support this
- * Mostly working now: one outstanding issue in difx2fits w.r.t. pulse cal

Multiple Datastreams per Antenna: Simple Example

The following .v2d file lines will create two datastreams for antenna SC:

```
DATASTREAM d1 { file=tomato format = VDIF/0:1:2:3/5032/2 }  
DATASTREAM d2 { file=banana format = VDIF/7:6:5:4/5032/2 }  
ANTENNA SC { datastreams=d1,d2 }
```

Note that many parameters from the ANTENNA block can be put in the DATASTREAM block instead. See <http://www.atnf.csiro.au/vlbi/dokuwiki/doku.php/difx/vex2difx>.

Note that documentation for vex2difx is being developed in the /doc

directory of the vex2difx distribution.

DiFX Native Mark6 Implementation

Code changes were needed in many parts of the DiFX software suite:

- * difxio: basic data structures
- * vex2difx: accepting Mark6 as a data source
- * vdifio:
 - o Mark6 per-packet gather infrastructure
 - o EDV4 support in multiplexing
- * mark5access: new functions (`blank_vdif_EDV4()` & `blank_vdif_EDV4_complex()`) to blank data *after* decoding
- * mpifxcorr:
 - o `VDIFMark6DataStream` class
 - o Flip some switches and call the EDV4 functions as needed

Alternate Approachs

Clean separation of Streams and Formats

- * Introduce Mark6Reader (or Mark6Source) concept
- * Each is fanned out to form one VDIFDatastream per thread
- * One or more VDIFDatastreams available per antenna
- * Would solve issue associated with multiple antennas' data in one stream

mark6sg library?

- * Wanted to use it but ...
- * Architecture depended on per-frame gather, not per-block gather
- * Above Mark6Stream approach would be compatible with this

Practical Details: How to Correlate Directly Off Mark6

Assumptions

- * All Mark6 drives needed for scan are properly mounted
- * Env. Var. MARK6_ROOT set if data partition mount points are other than /mnt/disks/?/?/data/

.v2d file

- * Now: ANTENNA PT { mark6files=scan1.vdif ... }
- * Later: ANTENNA PT { module=NRAO%012,NRAO%013 }

Status

- * Testing has begun on a couple data sets; success see with:
 - o Complex samples works
 - o Four input streams (one thread each)
 - o Multi-channel multi-thread input
- * Helge to comment on logistical issues

Remaining Work

- * Treat Mark6 more like Mark5
 - Specify Module(s) rather than file names: make use of directory structure
 - No plans to retire file mode
- * DBBC3 *fan-out mode* support
 - Certain DBBC3 modes split alternate samples from one thread across different Ethernet streams
 - Fix should be easy! Logically equivalent to multiplexing but with changed number of output channels
- * Mark6 issue:
 - File writes become clumpy causing multiple 10 MB chunks from one Ethernet stream to be written in a row, complicating reordering code in DiFX.
 - Symptom: lower than expected playback weights

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