



VieVS

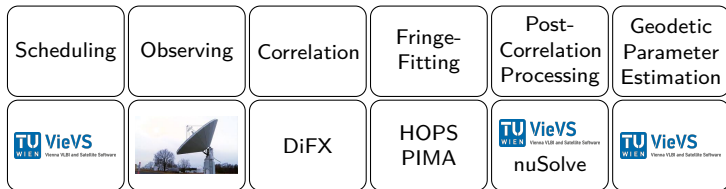
Vienna VLBI and Satellite Software

VLBI Correlation Activities at TU Wien

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Motivation for VLBI Correlation



- Additional element in the VLBI processing chain in our group
- Correlation as a bottleneck for the increasing amount of data due to the VGOS observing plan
- We can contribute with a wider field of capabilities to the VLBI community

→ **Installation of DiFX on the Vienna Scientific Cluster (VSC-3)**

History of Correlation in Vienna

- 2014 ● Installation of the VSC-3
- 2016 ● Jun: Installation of DiFX and HOPS on the VSC-3 (J.McCallum)
 - Jun: Correlation of first session AUG032
 - Sep: Correlation of first satellite observation APOD2
 - Nov: Correlation of McWz
- 2017 ● May: Correlation of ds317
 - Sep: Correlation of first official IVS session AUA025 (J.Gruber, J.McCallum)
 - Dec: Correlation of AUA026
- 2018 ● April: Correlation of European Intensive Session
 - Correlation of CRDS94, verified by WACO
 - Correlation of AUA028, AUA032, ...
 - Correlation of SBL500

Hardware Capabilities of the VSC-3

■ Hard facts:

- Installed by ClusterVision
- Consists of 2020 nodes (each equipped with 2 processors), 2020 nodes equals to 32320 cores
- Intel Xeon E5-2650v2 processors from the Ivy Bridge-EP family with 8x2.60 GHz and 20MB SmartCache
- Intel QDR-80 dual-link high-speed InfiniBand fabric
- BeeGFS parallel Filesystem

■ Suitable for VLBI correlation?

- BeeGFS parallel Filesystem developed for intensive i/o workloads makes the VSC-3 to an appropriate computing environment for the VLBI correlation



VLBI Correlation at the VSC-3

■ Current resources at our institute:

- 230 TB private storage media
- Cores available upon request, usually up to 160 cores

■ Characteristics:

- The VSC is maintained by IT experts
- Support by VSC-3 IT experts when installing new software
- Processing power (number of nodes) can be adjusted to the current correlation work load
- Linked to a very high data rate connection (GÉANT)



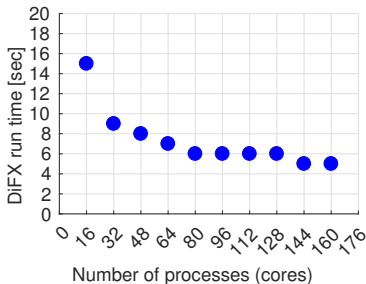
Software Capabilities of the VSC-3

Data Transfer	Correlation	Fringe-Fitting	Post-Correlation Processing
jive5ab	DiFX	HOPS	nuSolve

- **jive5ab** for data transmission
- Distributed FX (**DiFX**) software correlator
- Haystack Observatory Postprocessing System (**HOPS**) with the program fourfit for fringe-fitting
- **nuSolve** is used for post-correlation processing and for geodetic parameter estimation to verify the correlation results
- **SLURM** for cluster management and job scheduling

Performance Tests per scan

- To evaluate the most efficient VSC-3 node configuration per scan
- Methodology: Rerun of the same scan with the same DiFX processing with changing number of cores:
 - Accumulation period 0.512 sec, spectral resolution 0.25 MHz
 - 1 to 10 nodes with 16 processes (cores)
 - session v012, scan 060-1500b, stations SA,WN
- Significant improvement until 80 cores

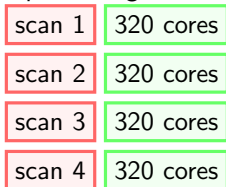


Performance Tests of a session

- Usage of parallel scan processing strategy to make efficient use of more cores.
- Can be realized with the **SLURM job array**
- For example: 320 cores are available. Split up the pool of cores into several DiFX jobs in parallel. Each scan takes 6 sec.

Serial scan processing

Total processing time 24 sec



Parallel scan processing

Total processing time 6 sec



Data Transfer from and to the VSC-3

- The VSC-3 can be accessed via five IP addresses
- On each of the IP addresses runs a jive5ab process
- There is one UDP/TCP port per login node
- Pushing data
- Pulling data
- White-listing is a two step process which takes some time

	whitelisted	tested
Bonn	~	×
Hartrao	✓	✓
INAF	✓	✓
Ny-Alesund	✓	✓
Onsala	✓	×
Japan	✓	✓
UTAS	✓	✓
Warkworth	✓	✓
Wetzell	✓	✓

Sessions correlated AUA sessions

- **Scientific background:** VLBI SOuthern Astrometry Project (SOAP) program
- **Stations:** AuScope Array with HOBART26, KATH12M, YARRA12M, HARTRAO, HART15M, WARK12M, WARK30M, DSS34
- **Antenna setup:** 1 Gbps recording rate and S/X-band
- **Results:**

Session Name	QCODE	% of Total scans
AUA025	5-9	54%
AUA026	5-9	58%
AUA028	5-9	71%
AUA032	5-9	70%

- **Characteristics:** Absence of FLUX information of sources, G-codes on local baselines HARTRAO-HART15M and WARK12M-WARK30M, X-band only for WARK30M

Sessions correlated European intensive sessions

- **Scientific background:** ESA Project “Independent Generation of Earth Orientation Parameters”
- **Stations:** WETTZ13N, RAEGSMAR, WETTZELL
- **Antenna setup:** 1 Gbps (256 Mbps) recording rate and S/X-band
- **Results of v012:**
 - Detection of a few S-band fringes due to the lower recording rate observed than scheduled
 - Determination of a high number of X-band multi-band delay observations
 - SBD residuals scatter of ~ 20 ns due to a priori station coordinates of REAGSMAR
- **Status of EINT02,03,04,....,07:**
 - Detection in the S-band, no detections in the X-band
 - Further investigations are following

VieVS Post-Correlation Processing

- **Motivation:** To close the gap between the correlation/fringe-fitting output and VieVS
- **Components:**
 - Database conversion and update
 - Ambiguity correction
 - Ionospheric delay correction
 - Outliers flagging

VieVS Post-Correlation Processing status

- **Motivation:** To close the gap between the correlation/fringe-fitting output and VieVS
- **Components:**
 - Database conversion and update ✓
 - Ambiguity correction **In work using closure conditions**
 - Ionospheric delay correction **On to-do list**
 - Outliers flagging **In work conversion of VieVS outlier file to vgosDb**

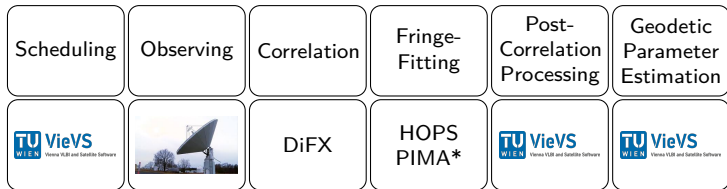
VieVS Post-Correlation Processing

Database conver-

sion and update

- Tool to convert the fringe-fitting output to vgosDb: `createvgosdb.m`
- **Realization:**
 - Library with matlab and bash scripts to read fringe-fitting output and station log files and create a vgosDb
 - Makes heavy use of NetCDF library, supports NetCDF version 4.3.3.1
- **Input:**
 - fourfit output files (type-1,2,3,4)
 - PIMA ASCII output
 - Station log files (configuration file for exception handling, e.g. sign of cable delay)
- **Verification:** Comparison with nuSolve tool vgosDbMake of correlated AUA sessions
- **Application:** Has been used for the European intensive session v012

Research Pipeline



- Independent data flow in VieVS
- Analysis of impact of correlation/fringe-fitting models and configurations on geodetic parameter estimation
- *PIMA fringe-fitting is carried out by H.Krásná

Simulation of VLBI Baseband Data

- Software to generate simulated digitized VLBI baseband data
- **Input parameters:** Source strength, antenna sensitivity, ...
- **Output:** Digitized bit stream for each channel per station separately
- **Purpose:**
 - Knowledge gain, better understanding and insight of important parameters of the baseband data of a station
 - Can be used as input data for a correlation/fringe-fitting prototype
 - (Simulation) studies
- **Realization details:**
 - Written in Matlab
 - Bit stream is already split up in accumulation periods in the baseband data generation
 - FFT interpolation to make it possible to add delays with higher precision than recording rate

Simulation of VLBI Baseband Data

Input parameters

- Input parameters can be defined per channel and per accumulation block:
 - Sampling rate/bandwidth
 - Scan length
 - Integration time/spectral resolution
 - Source strength, antenna sensitivity
 - Phase cal repetition rate, pulse amplitude
 - Antenna velocity, source velocity
 - Sky frequency
 - Filter design
 - Cable delay
 - Channel phase delay
 - VLBI geometrical delay τ
 - Source structure, beam width
 - Bit depth
 - (Test signal for verification)

Simulation of VLBI Baseband Data

Input parameters

- Input parameters can be defined per channel and per accumulation block:
 - Sampling rate/bandwidth ✓
 - Scan length ✓
 - Integration time/spectral resolution ✓
 - Source strength, antenna sensitivity ✓
 - Phase cal repetition rate ✓ , pulse amplitude **common value?**
 - Antenna velocity, source velocity ✓
 - Center frequency ✓
 - Filter design type: ideal ✓ realistic **amplitude shape, Chebyshev?**
 - Cable delay ✓
 - Channel phase delay ✓
 - VLBI geometrical delay τ ✓
 - Source structure, beam width **Not implemented yet!**
 - Quantization bit depth **Details about quantization? Cut off amplitude? Equidistant bit ranges?**
 - (Test signal for verification) ✓

Outlook

- Further investigations of DiFX performance improvement on the VSC
- VSC-4 will be set up early 2019
 - We will gain access to dedicated storage 1 PB and 250 cores
- Ongoing correlation of AUA experiments
- Further development of post-correlation toolbox in VieVS
- Development of a correlation/fringe-fitting prototype in Matlab
- Spread the correlation knowledge to all members of the TU Wien VLBI group:
 - Johannes Böhm
 - Sigrid Böhm
 - Andreas Hellerschmied
 - David Mayer
 - Matthias Schartner

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